MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1860. NUMBER 190.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

T. D. JERMAIN.....H. E. BRIGHTMAN

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25.

To the Public.

THE SENTINEL, having double the circulation IN THE CITY, and more than treble OUT OF IT, of any other paper here, renders it far the cheapest and most desirable medium in Milwaukee for all classes of advertisements.

EVERY RESERVE MAN who consults his own interest, will avail himself of the columns of THE DAILY SENTINEL,—especially when he can do so at the same prices charged by other papers, and secure more than double the advantage of circulation.

This is no boast, but EVERY WORD TRUE.

☞For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page.☜

News Digest.

We have later foreign advices by the *City of Baltimore*. The political news is of no particular interest. GARIBALDI is said to have visited Naples to confer with the revolutionary leaders. Naples has been proclaimed in a state of siege. It is reported that Austria will renounce the Villafranca treaty and oppose GARIBALDI in Naples.—Breadstuffs are reported firm, with a slight advance in wheat and corn. Several additional failures in the English leather trade are reported.

DEPUTER OGDEN, a candidate on the DOUGLAS electoral ticket, in New York, declines, unless he is allowed to cast his vote for BELL and EVERETT.

Counterfeit fives on the Capital Bank of Albany, and Marine Bank of New York are in circulation.

RECTOR, Independent Democrat, is elected Governor of Arkansas by 3,000 majority.

The Prince of Wales reached Montreal yesterday.

Mr. Cudding's Appointments.

We have received a letter from Mr. CODDING taking up his appointments for this State, and laying down the following new appointments:

Beloit, Wednesday, August		29.
Brodhead, Thursday,	"	30.
Janesville, Friday,	"	31.
Rockford, at the great meeting of Clay,		
September		1.
Delevan, Tuesday, September		4.
Elkhorn, Wednesday,	"	5.
Burlington, Thursday,	"	6.
Kenosha, Friday,	"	7.
Racine, Saturday,	"	8.
Milwaukee, Monday,	"	10.

Breckinridge Men.

God hates a coward! We hate a coward as we hate a robber, and we have no political respect for the man who turns his back on his friends and fawns at the feet of power. The man, who does that, is possessed of moral cowardice—the greatest of all. At the County Convention the other day we were pained to see that no reconciliation could be effected between the Douglas and the Breckinridge men, and that after the county had been scoured and shaved as close as the head of a Cromwellite, that less than a dozen men should seek, and persistently strive to make the breach wider. C. A. Stevens, Col. Rudolf, Ex-Governor Campbell, and C. Alphabetical Tayler, with a few lesser lights, with great howling and waving about that the nomination of Douglas was not regular (?) that there is a *chance* for his defeat, and they *see it* to act accordingly, and declare "war to the knife and the knife to the hilt" on every Douglas man in the country! Brave souls! Your knife is a short one—let it come!—*La Crosse Union and Democrat.*

"Brick" is getting mad. The formidable demonstration for BRECKINRIDGE in La Crosse County has spoilt his temper, and so he abuses such men as Lieut. Governor CAMPBELL, Col. RUDOLF, &c., without stint. This will not help DOUGLAS. Abuse is no argument. The La Crosse *Democrat* must find some other way to coax its readers into the support of "squatter sovereignty."

THE BRECKINRIDGE PARTY.—The Madison *Argus & Democrat* gives the following account of the BRECKINRIDGE party:

Among the Breckinridge men in this State are some of the most prominent of those whom the Democracy have designated to honor. Hon. Nelson Dewey, the first Governor of the State, and one of the most popular Democrats in it, is for Breckinridge. Hon. E. D. Campbell late Lt. Governor, and who beat Carl Schurz for that office in 1857, when Randall was elected Governor, is the same way. Hon. Chas. Kenan, who was elected State Treasurer in 1855, in the Barstow-Bashford contest, is also in for Breckinridge. At least three of the Democratic electoral ticket—if we have been correctly informed, prefer Breckinridge to Douglas. N. B. Van Slyke, late President of the Dane, Co. Chairman of the Madison Breckinridge and Lane Club, Gen. J. D. Reed, the late Under Secretary of State, supports that ticket. Maj. F. B. Dean, formerly State Senator, and President *pro tem* of the Senate, during two sessions, is the same way. E. Fox Cook, Senator from Sheboygan in 1857 and 1858, Charley Fitch of the Manitowoc *Herald*—one of the best editors in the state, R. L. Gove, who is "ditto." Gen. Ellis, who started the first newspaper in Wisconsin, Carl Houtington, another able editor—and a host which we cannot recall—all for Breckinridge and Lane.

Look out for a poll of votes to be estimated by thousands.

The *Democrat* makes a good show for BRECKINRIDGE. If its estimate is correct, the BRECKINRIDGE men will make a big hole in the expected DOUGLAS vote in the State.

DEMOCRATIC OPINIONS OF THE UNION.—As one of the great staple arguments used by the Democracy is that they fear the "Black Republicans" cannot be trusted with the Government without endangering the Union, it may be profitable to note what are the opinions of some of their own leaders on the subject. Here are a few extracts from recent speeches of Democratic orators in Alabama:

I want "the Cotton States precipitated into revolution."—*W. L. Yancey.*

"If I had the power, I would dissolve this Government in two minutes."—*J. T. Morgan.*

"Let us break up this rotten, stinking and oppressive Government."—*Geo. Gayle.*

"Resistance! Resistance to death against the Government is what we want now."—*David Hubbard.*

"Break up and dissolve this rotten Yankee Government."—*J. D. S. Williams.*

"Let the Union rip."—*R. D. Gayle.*

"My voice is for War!"—*G. D. Johnson.*

Are the authors of such treasonable utterances these fill to take charge of the destinies of that Union which they denounce?

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF THE STATES.—The following general table exhibits the aggregate returns from fifteen States, in which public school systems have been more or less successfully adopted:

States.	Date of report.	No. of children attending the public schools.	Number of schools.
Connecticut	1858	72,699	1,781
Massachusetts	1859	211,883	4,444
New York	1859	551,553	11,576
Ohio	1859	660,034	11,673
Pennsylvania	1859	616,393	11,605
Maine	1859	103,377	4,599
Michigan	1858	176,594	3,945
Indiana	1856	199,176	6,763
Illinois	1858	467,118	10,949
Wisconsin	1858	167,110	3,432
Kentucky	1858	152,172	4,576
Missouri	1858	180,944	3,378
Virginia	1857	49,547	3,588
North Carolina	1859	102,287	2,602
Georgia	1859	76,993	1,417
Alabama	1859	98,870	2,098

DOUGLAS IN MASSACHUSETTS.—A private letter from Boston, received at this office, says:

"The battle in this State will be between Lincoln and Bell, although it is a foregone conclusion that Lincoln will carry the State by a very large majority. Douglas is still skooting around New England, "seeking his mother." But he has widely overshot his mark. Influential men of all parties, with whom I have conversed, are disgusted with his course. In these parts no one blows his own horn in politics, and he is injuring himself even among his own friends by a course of individual policy which is regarded everywhere in New England as degrading and lowering to the dignity of Presidential candidate."—*Chicago Journal.*

IMPORTANT CHANGE.—The general convention of Presbyterian and Congregational Ministers and Churches of Wisconsin, has changed the place of its next annual meeting from Madison the Beaver Dam.

Ministers and delegates who expect to attend the convention, are requested to send in their names as early as the middle of September, to George E. Redfield, Esq., of Beaverdam.

Delegates on their arrival will call at the bookstore of S. K. Drown, where they will be met by the Committee to assign them places.—*Dodge Co. Citizen.*

The La Crosse Mass Meeting.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

LA CROSSE, August 23, '60.

The evening's proceedings connected with the Mass Meeting of yesterday, were, on the whole, more satisfactory than those of the day. At 8 o'clock the torchlight procession, composed of the La Crosse and Sparta Wide-Awakes, numbering 200 torches, with two bands of music, formed and escorted the speakers to the Turner's Garden. The display was grand and magnificent. There were several persons in the procession bearing transparencies covered with appropriate devices. Reaching the Garden, the ball was opened by LUTHER HANCHETT, the Congressional nominee, in a short, but earnest speech. This was followed by a powerful and telling speech by HANCHETT'S late competitor, JOSEPH A. SLEEPER, who pledged himself and his friends to use every exertion in their power to secure the success of their nominee. SLEEPER has made many friends here by his high-minded and magnanimous course, as well as by his able speech.

Judge JACKSON, JAS. H. KNOWLTON, and JAS. M. BURGESS, each made short and telling speeches, which gave good satisfaction to the large crowd in attendance. The numbers were variously estimated. Our honest judgment is, that from 1,500 to 2,000 persons listened to the speakers.

At near 11 o'clock the procession again formed and marched down to the Augusta House. The proprietors of this well-kept house are Wide-Awakes of the real stamp, and had their house well illuminated. The appearance was beautiful—the illuminated house on one side of the street, and the long lines of flaming, burning torches upon the other. The enthusiasm was unbounded among the crowds gathered around. Speakers were called for. Mr. STOUT, of the *State Rights*, made his appearance, and made a short, telling speech. He was followed by Hon. L. P. HARVEY, who completely electrified his audience by his earnest and enthusiastic remarks.

The speech-making being ended, the crowds dispersed, some to their homes and beds, and others to the hotels to keep their friends company till morning, which was more especially the case with the friends of the Sparta Wide Awakes. This company, so recently formed, numbered 54 torches, and made a very creditable appearance.—They left for home on the morning train, having in their minds a pretty high opinion of La Crosse hospitality. It seems that our Wide Awakes, upon receiving them, immediately escorted them to the Harrington House, where the wants of the inner man were provided for, at the expense of the La Crosse boys. This was more than they expected, under all the circumstances.

Our people regret very much that Senator DOOLITTLE was unable to be with them. However, it is contemplated, a few weeks hence, when the farmers are more at liberty, to have another Republican Love Feast here. The farmers in the surrounding country very much desire it. The fires are aroused in the country.

Now that harvesting is near through, we shall expect some good work to be done.—We intend to make La Crosse a banner county; not that we shall give the largest majority, but considering our past, we hope to be able to astonish our friends, and completely demolish the idea some of our Democratic friends entertain, viz:—that La Crosse is Democratic by 200 majority. We think our friends can reckon on 500 majority for Honest Old ABE LINCOLN in La Crosse Co.

By the way, we noticed a letter in the Milwaukee *News* the other day, from La Crosse, from "BRICK," doubtless, telling big stories of 75 DOUGLAS Rangers, besides a goodly number of other Democrats from La Crosse, attending a Democratic pow-wow at Onalaska, four miles distant. The truth is, there were 29 rangers, upon actual count.—BRICK keeps shady about the carriages being sent back into the stable because the money was not forthcoming to pay for the trip to Onalaska. Do all other democrats magnify, or see triple, as BRICK does? If so, read their accounts of meetings with caution.

WIDE-AWAKES.

Our Special Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.

It is now the intention of the Breckinridge Party to press the canvass with all the vigor in their power, and to decline anything like arrangements with the cunning Bell and Douglas wire-workers which will only result to the benefit of the latter. In pursuance of this determination, the New York Breckinridge State Committee have determined to have no fusion with the mongrel Bell and Douglas ticket. It is certainly the hight of impudence for the Douglas men in New York to solicit a fusion with Breckinridge, while in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and the South, all arrangements proposed by the Breckinridge men have been steadily and even insultingly declined. The personal interests of Mr. Breckinridge certainly demand that his friends should not longer seek to place him in the humiliating position of a mere tender to Douglas.

THE GREAT SCHEME.

Beyond all question devised by Douglas, Soule and others in conjunction with the Albany Regency, is to give the South to Bell, take New York from Lincoln, and thus throw the election into the House of Representatives, from where Breckinridge might be kept out as fourth on the list of competitors, and Lane kept out of the Senate. In case the election should go to that body, I am satisfied that this project, under any circumstances, is doomed to a miserable failure. But for the Breckies to aid it in any way would be the most absurd policy in the world. The Richmond *Enquirer* warns its friends of the plot, and says the development of it "has thoroughly aroused the people of Virginia to a sense of the real issue presented. So two men in Congress occupied more antagonistic positions than Bell and Douglas, and nothing but an unholy lust for the spoils could have prompted so unnatural a union." It would be questioning the honesty and good sense of the American people to suppose that it could succeed.

THE CABINET HAD A MEETING YESTERDAY, But nothing important was done, Mr. Buchanan being still absent. Political affairs were discussed at some length, and Mr. Douglas characterized as the stump candidate for the Presidency, by which name he hereafter be known. He is to speak in Baltimore to-morrow night.

OLD TAMMANY HALL

Is marshalling its forces for vengeance upon the New York Douglas Bell Electoral ticket, because the Syracuse Convention made its delegation pass under the yoke of Fernando Wood or Mozart Hall. Well may the New York papers say that the "Anaconda ticket" will lose votes by this gulping down of the late Bell leaders in that State. Know Nothings and Irish Democrats are materials that will not fuse.

LIGHT-HOUSE KEEPERS.

Eight keepers of light-house stations in Suffolk county, Long Island, have been removed by Mr. Buchanan because they were appointed at the instance of Mr. Ludlow, who has since gone for Douglas.

THE FRIENDS OF BRECKINRIDGE

Regard as certain for him, the following States, casting fifty-five electoral votes as follows: North Carolina 10, South Carolina 8, Georgia 10, Florida 3, Alabama 9, Mississippi 7, Texas 4, Arkansas 4. The also count on 15 from Virginia and 12 from Kentucky, with prospects elsewhere. They are encouraged to hope for Kentucky, because they say a large portion of the vote did not come out at the recent election, and because in November the Douglas men, to save appearances, will then have to vote their own ticket. They rely also largely on Mr. Breckinridge's personal popularity in his State. In no event, therefore, do they think that, in case of the election going to the House or Senate, Breckinridge and Lane can be excluded.

My own impression decidedly is that the people will prevent any disaster of the sort, by electing Lincoln and Hamlin without the aid of the House or Senate.—*Cin. Gazette.*

A Question to Judge Douglas Unanswered.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.

AUGUSTA, Me., Aug. 18.

As Judge Douglas, when he was here on Thursday last, declared with strong emphasis that, as a national candidate for the Presidency, *he had no opinions to conceal*, none but he was *willing to avow in any part of the Union*, a very respectable citizen of this place who was invited to a seat on the stand with him, put into his hand the following question, which he was most respectfully requested to answer in the course of his remarks. The Judge on receiving it (it was before he rose to speak) read it very attentively, and, resuming his conversation with the gentleman who offered it, respectfully acquiesced in the propriety of the question, and promised to reply to it in the course of his speech:

"Will Judge Douglas be so kind as to oblige a fellow citizen by stating before the people here assembled his answer to the following

QUESTION,—"Do you hold, and if elected President of the United States, would you carry out, the doctrine that the people of a Territory, *before it becomes a State*, have the power, under the Federal Constitution, and notwithstanding the Dred Scott decision, *to prohibit slavery or exclude it therefrom?*

"In other words:

"Do you affirm that the people of a Territory have the Constitutional right to crush the cockatrice's eggs, *as soon as these are deposited on its nest* by the propagandists of slavery, or must they *tolerate the incubation*, and *wait till the eggs become full grown and active vipers*, that can be pursued and exterminated *only* by the newly created sword of *State* authority?"

With this question before him, which he promised to answer, the judge arose and addressed the people for an hour and a half; but for some cause or other—you can guess as well as I—he not only did *not* answer the QUESTION, but very carefully *avoided all allusion to it*. I merely give you the *fact*, with no comment of my own, preferring that you will bestow such reflections upon it as candor and fidelity to truth require. But it seems to me the public should know *what* questions Judge Douglas refuses to answer, and conjecture as best they may, the reason *why* he chooses to "conceal his opinions" on that most interesting point.

It is quite probable that the Judge will make other speeches in different localities, and as it is possible that he *forgot* to answer the question above given, it may be well to hand it up to him again and again, until he shall have found time to answer it.

Politics in Maine.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.

BANGOR, Aug. 17, 1860.

The political canvass is progressing in this State with great vigor. The Douglas men have their stump speakers all over the State, and are striving desperately to raise some enthusiasm. But the steam refuses to rise. The movements of the Republicans are hearty and jubilant, and when the two organizations come in contact, it is very plain to be seen that the heart and strength of movement is all with the Republicans.—This was very plainly seen in the demonstration here yesterday and day before. The Republican, following right upon the heels of the Douglas display, eclipsed it entirely, and has extinguished its memory. Douglas is formally on the stump, and plays the b'hoy as much as he ever did in a district canvas in Illinois. Day before yesterday, at the Bangor House, he called for three cheers for Marshall, who made a little speech from the stand with him.

The men who sell the medals say they sold two Lincoln to one Douglas medal, on the day of the Douglas demonstration. The current sets invincibly Republican, despite every exertion to the contrary.

Smart, the Douglas candidate for Governor, is a man of an energetic animal nature, but poorly timbered intellectually and morally. He boxed the compass on the Free Soil question, and landed in Locomptonism, and now emerges on Douglas. He fights his battles on little issues, and makes small attacks on inconsequential votes of Republicans in Congress. He seems to think he is running, but he is not. There are Breckenridgers all over the State who won't vote for him, and it is said there are a considerable number of those gentlemen in his own locality.

The Republicans have an entirely new set of Candidates for Congress. Three of the six Districts, namely, the IId, IVth, and VIth, are undispputedly Republican. In the three there is a contest. The IIId District late Fessenden's, is considered sure for Fessenden, a brother of the Senator. The Ist District, represented by Somes, is challenged by a strong man on the Douglas side, but there is no intention of letting him win. That District, however, embraces the City of Portland, which the Republicans suffered themselves to lose last Spring, and where they will in consequence be cheated out of 200 or 300 votes, which is almost as much as the majority at the last election. The VIth District is not fully developed yet, but it will be sharply contested, as it always is. Mr. Foster was elected last time by less than a hundred majority.

The itinerant Douglas orators, Spinola, Perrin, Smart, and company, are demonstrating on it by mass meetings to-day, and will do so to-morrow. This is the Aroostook District, and a good deal depends on the wild cat section. The civilized portions are all right.

Bangor has been overrun these few days, and the hotels crammed. The Bangor House quartered its extra guests in first-class private houses, however, and otherwise maintained its reputation as the best hotel in the State.

I give you the names of the Republican Congressional candidates:

Ist District—John N. Goodwin.
IId District—Charles W. Walton.
IIId District—S. C. Fessenden.
IVth District—Anson P. Morrill.
Vth District—John H. Rice.
VIth District—Frederick A. Pike.

The Last of Them.

The Democracy are hopeless of a single State at the North.

This they could endure, were it not that they are also losing ground in their ancient stronghold, the South.

They carried North Carolina, to be sure, but it was by such a reduced majority as leads them to fear it was for the last time.

In Kentucky they have been beaten out and out, by a majority of over twenty thousand.

In Arkansas, where they have been so strong that nobody here supposed it could be anything but a contest between the followers of Douglas and of Breckinridge, it turns out that an independent candidate has beaten both!

The Richmond *Enquirer* (their principal organ) declared prior to the Virginia State Convention, that unless they united, the State would go for Bell. They did not unite. The consequence stares them in the face.

As for Delaware, Maryland and Tennessee, the sagacious gave them up long ago, as not reliable for Democracy. Were there any chance of its success in those States, the Republican Ticket would poll tens of thousands of votes there. As it is, Bell will run the divided Democracy hard.

Even on the Gulf, in Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, Opposition organizations dispute the long continued Democratic ascendancy, and as for Missouri, she is on her way into the Republican ranks as fast as could reasonably be expected.

In, fact the old Democratic Party against which we have been so long battling, has ceased to exist as a National organization.—New parties will doubtless arise out of its ruins, but the day of this one has gone by. The only stable and enduring party organization now in existence in the United States is that which supports LINCOLN and HAMLIN.—*Albany Evening Journal.*

THE NEW YORK COALITION.—Though a coalition between Messrs. James Brooks & Co., on the one side, and Peter Cagger & Co., on the other, was finally effected, there were very strong repugnances on both sides to overcome. On behalf of the adopted citizens, or rather in deference to their supposed prejudices, it was agreed that no conspicuous, adhering member of the Know-Nothing organization should be placed on the ticket, yet this pledge was violated in the designation of Lorenzo Burrows, late K. N. Controller, as one of the Electors. On the other hand, the prejudices of the few Know-Nothings "who believe in it," were humored by the total exclusion of citizens of Irish birth or name from the ticket. Of the thirty-nine candidates, but one is presumptively of European birth, and he is a German. Yet the Irish must give nearly half the votes polled for this ticket if it is to come within right of an election.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

National Finances.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—3 P. M.

The receipts into the Treasury last week were $1,540,000; drafts paid $142,000; amount subject to draft $4,124,000.

THE CITY.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	*Arrive.*	*Mails Close.*
10:15 A. M.	1:15 P. M.	9:30 A. M.
3:15 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	2:00 P.M.
6:30 P. M. Mixed train to Chicago.		

LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE.

1:30 A. M.	9:40 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:35 P. M.	2:35 A. M.	12:30 P. M

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

10:45 A. M.	11:45 A. M.	9:30 A.M.
4:00 P. M.	4:30 A. M.	3:15 P. M.
11:00 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	9:30 P.M.

MILWAUKEE & HORICON.

1:45 A. M.	9:50 A. M.	9:00 P.M
1:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P.M.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.

4:15 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	5:30 P.M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

5:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	9 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	9 P. M.

Departure of Steamers.

FOR TWO RIVERS.

The steamer *Huron* leaves Olmsted's dock, every evening at 5 o'clock, for Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations, leave the different transportation docks every day, for Buffalo.

FOR OSWEGO AND ODDENSBURGH.

One of the Northern Transportation Co's screw steamers sails for the above ports every day, from the Co's dock at the M. & Miss. R. R. depot, touching at nearly all intermediate ports.

FOR COLLINGWOOD.

The Collingwood Line of screw steamers leave semi-weekly from Dousman's dock, foot of East Water Street, connecting at Collingwood with the Northern Railway of Canada, for the East.

FOR GRAND BAY.

The screw steamer *Wabash Valley* makes weekly trips to the above port starting from Olmsted's dock

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Religious services will be held to-morrow, as follows:

	A.M.	P.M.
St. Paul's, Protestant Episcopal, Rev. Wm. B. Ashley, D. D., cor. Mason and Jefferson sts.	10½	7½
Free Church of St. Paul, Rev. A. G. Richmond, cor. Jackson and Martin sts.	10½	7½
St. John's, Episcopal, Rev. David Keene, 5th Ward	10½	7½
St. Johns Episcopal, Rev. J. F. T. Ingraham, Spring Street Hill.	10½	7½
Free Church of the Ascension, Episcopal, corner of Jefferson and Michigan streets, Rev. Robert Paut.	10½	3½
Christ's Episcopal Mission Church for Germans, corner Walnut and Fifth sts., 6th Ward, (English service 7 P. M.)	10½	8
Free Presbyterian, Rev. John Ross, cor. Milwaukee and Mason Sts.	10½	7½
North Presbyterian, Rev. John M. Buchanan, Juneau Street, 3d and Martin streets.	10½	4
German (Old School) Presbyterian, Rev. John Bentley, River street, between Division and Market streets.	10½	8½
Hanover St. Congregational Church, cor. Hanover and Park Sts., Fifth Ward, Rev. Frank W. Hatch, pastor.	10½	7½
Plymouth Congregational, Rev. C. D. Helmer, corner Milwaukee and Oneida Sts.	10½	7½
Spring Street Congregational Church, Rev. Wm. De Loss Love, corner Spring and Sixth Sts.	10½	7½
Welsh Congregational Church, Rev. J. Perry corner of Jefferson and Michigan streets.	10½	7½
Methodist, Spring Street, Rev. Mr. Cowles.	10½	7½
Summer-field M. Church, corner Van Buren and Biddle sts., Rev. E. Cooke, D. D.	10½	7½
Asbury M. E. Church, Rev. Mr. Manwell.	10½	3
Fifth Street M. E. Church, (German,) between Prairie and Tamarack streets, P. Minners, Pastor.	10½	7½
Welsh Calvinistic Methodist Church, corner of Michigan and Van Buren streets, Rev. D. Williams, Pastor.	10	7
First Baptist, Rev. Mr. Gates, corner Milwaukee and Wisconsin Streets.	10½	7½
West Baptist Church, Rev. Mr. Jackson, sycamore, between 8th and 9th sts.	10½	7½
German Baptist Church, Armenian, Rev. Edward Perrin, 4th street.	10½	3
St. John's Cathedral, Catholic, Bishop Henni, near Court House.	10½	3
St. Paul's, Catholic, Rev. F. X. DeCoen, 2d street.	10½	3
St. Mary's Catholic, German, Rev. H. Tappert, corner Main and Ogden sts.	10	3
Trinity, Catholic, German, Rev. Conrad, 5 th Ward.	10	3
St. Joseph Church, Catholic, Rev. J. Holzhauer, Pastor, 5th Ward.	10	3
Evan. Lutheran, German, Rev. A Mullmann, Third St.	10½	2
Dutch Reformed Holland Church, Rev. S. Sorbis, between Ninth and Tenth sts.	9½	2&7
Reformed Presbyterian Church, Rev. A. W. Van Doren, corner of Walnut and Eighteenth streets, 6th Ward.	9½	2
German Reformed Church, Reformirte, Rev. Theodore Gloviglit, pastor, cor. Chestnut and West Water streets.	10½	3
Synodical Welsh Calvinistic Church, Rev. — J. Hatlesead Pastor, cor. Reed and Scott sts., 5th Ward.	10	7½
Norwegian Evangelical Lutheran Church, Baptista st., between Second and Third Avenues, 8 Ward, Rev. L. Paaske.	10	2
Church of the Redeemer, Unitarian, Rev. J. A. Staples, Cass st., between Martin and Division streets.	10½	7½
Trinity Church, Evang. Lutheran, U. A. C. cor. of Wells and 5th street, Rev. F. Lochner, Pastor.	9	2

Republican Mass Meeting!!

AT THE WIGWAM.

On TUESDAY, the 28th inst., at half past seven o'clock in the evening,

A Republican Mass Meeting!

is to be held at the Wigwam, in the Sixth Ward.

HON. JOHN F. POTTER, and
I. CODDING, Esq.,

will address the meeting.

The Republicans of the City and Country are invited to attend.

THE COMMITTEE.

Republican Meeting.

In accordance with the resolution passed by the Central Republican Club of Milwaukee, the Republicans of the city and county of Milwaukee, are requested to meet in mass convention at the Republican Head Quarters, in the city of Milwaukee, on the 28th of August, at half past two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of perfecting a county organization and transacting whatever business may be brought before the meeting.

J. B. D. COGSWELL, Vice Prest.
MARCUS OTTERBOURG, Sec'y *pro tem.*

Sixth Ward Republican Club.

On Monday, the 27th inst., at half-past 7 o'clock P. M., a meeting of the Sixth Ward Republican Club is to be held at the Wigwam. The members of this Club, and all those who wish to join it, are invited to attend.

THE COMMITTEE.

Free Democrat and *Daily Wisconsin* please copy.

MEETING AT THE UNION REPUBLICAN WIGWAM.—The members of the Union Republican Club, are requested to meet on Monday evening, Aug. 27th, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

JOHN P. SEAMAN, Prest.

G. W. MAYHEW, } Sec'ys.
N. SCHANTZ, }

CHANGE OF MEETING NIGHT.—The meeting of the Seventh Ward Republican Club is changed from Saturday (this evening) to Monday next, as the Central Club will meet to-night.

A HANDSOME STORE AND NEAT JOB.—One of the largest and handsomest stores in the West is that of HASSETT & CHAPMAN, now nearly completed, on East Water Street, next to the corner of Wisconsin. The building is 80 feet front by 120 feet deep, four stories high, and very substantially built.—The interior is remarkably well finished, especially the first floor, which will be occupied for retail purposes. The plastering, by OSBORNE and WILLIAMS, is the best job of the kind we have seen in our city. The designs are tasteful and elegant and the workmanship excellent. Messrs. OSBORNE and WILLIAMS are old residents of our city, first-rate mechanics and ready to do any job in their line. They may be found at 55 Michigan Street, or orders may be left for them at Post Office, box 594.

PERSONAL.—GOV. RANDALL has appointed our fellow townsman G. P. GIFFORD *Aide-de-Camp* with the rank of colonel, to be attached to the Governor's staff. This is an appointment which must be very satisfactory to all the military gentlemen of Wisconsin.—The Col. is every way worthy to be associated with the gallant spirits, already enrolled in that particular service. Here's our salute.

THE WEST WATER STREET HORSE RAILWAY COMPANY.—J. L. BURNHAM, D. FERGUSON, A. D. SMITH, S. B. DAVIS, JAMES BONNELL, V. BLATZ and JOHN DAVIS, are the incorporators in the West Water Street Horse Railway Company.

GOOD AGAIN.—We understand that WHEELER of the SENTINEL, and WRIGHT of the *News*, have arranged a political discussion, to come off at Waukesha in a couple of weeks.—*Enquirer.*

That is about right—is in not, CHARLIE?

The Back Pay of the Policemen Again.

On Thursday evening the report of the Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen, on the back pay of the Policemen, came up in the Council, accompanied by a resolution instructing the City Attorney to contest the claims of the Policemen. The report stated that the amount claimed is about $3,000, and that, after mature deliberation the Committee had arrived at the conclusion that the demand was unjust, and that the city could not be made to pay. Councilor JOHNSTON, upon the reading of the report, stated that he was in favor of paying the amount claimed, if for no other reason than to save further litigation, though he was sure that the claim was just, and in the end the city would have to foot the additional bill of legal costs. He therefore moved the adoption of a resolution authorizing the payment of the full amounts claimed by the several members of the police force. Councilor ROSENBACK stated that he would oppose such resolution; he was in favor of trying the case first and, if necessary, paying the bill afterward. Councilor FRANKINTON believed that the policemen who claimed this amount, and who served during the year 1858, entered upon that year with a full knowledge of what they were to receive. If they had a claim of that kind it should have been presented at the time the salaries came due. The report of the Finance Committee, he thought, was just and fair, and he wanted the matter fairly tested by law.—Councilor LOCKWOOD also spoke in favor of the report. In reference to the case brought against the city, in the Circuit Court, by Policeman DODGE, and a judgment rendered against the city, he stated that the most important points for the city were not brought forward and the most important witness for the city, Mr. PRENTISS, (then Mayor,) was not called at all, and therefore if the matter was thoroughly tested now, he believed it would be shown that the claim was illegal. He then moved the indefinite postponement of Councilor JOHNSTON'S resolution. This motion was lost.

Councilor MCCORMICK then remarked that he, for one, would be compelled to vote for the payment of the claim, however disagreeable it might be, as he considered it the least of two evils. The city would have to pay it in the end, and it might better be done now, before an additional thousand dollars of costs was added to the bill. Some of the ablest lawyers in the city had said the city was liable for the amount, and would vote for its payment.

A motion was then made to refer the matter to the committee on police—which motion was lost. And the vote on the original question of the adoption of Councilor JOHNSTON'S resolution, was taken—ayes 7, noes 9. And on motion of Councilor MCCORMICK, it was referred to the finance committee of the Board of Councillors.

A GENTLEMAN of this city, a few weeks ago went out into Walworth county to transact some business. At that time the country was absorbed entirely in the securing of the harvest, and the gentleman had a great deal of trouble in finding any body "to home."

We will let him tell his own story:

"I stopped at the house of my friend B——, and knocked all the skin off my knuckles at his front door, but could not start any body, and just as I was going away, a passer by, in answer to my enquiry, said that "B—— was getting in his wheat." I then went over into another part of the town, to where an old school-mate, Squire R——, resided. I walked in at the open door, sat down in the parlor a few minutes, and no one appearing, I walked up stairs and down stairs, but could'nt find a soul.

When I got around on the porch again, the same fellow came along who had answered my question before, and I hailed him:

"Is the Squire in town?"

"Getting in his wheat, I reckon."

"Well, where is his lady?"

"She's helping the Squire."

"And the young ladies?"

"Getting in the wheat, stranger—you'll find 'em all down in the field; about a mile from here."

I then concluded I would try the hotel, and carried my carpet bag back to the public house. There was a notice on the door saying that the house was closed for a week, as the proprietor was getting in his wheat. Things began to look desperate now. I had carried my carpet bag about five miles already, in the hot sun, and it was growing momentarily heavier. So when I saw a boy coming towards the house, I made up my mind to give him a dollar to carry it for me. I was somewhat surprised, however, when, in reply to my offer, he girated his digits at the extremity of his nasal projection, and "guessed I'd have to wait 'till dad got his wheat in."

At this stage of proceedings I resolved to walk to the first house I saw, and demand, in the name of civilization, the hospitality due to a traveller. As the house happened to be a boarding school for young ladies, I was fortunate enough to secure a night's rest, and the next day, not being able to see any body but young ladies, as every body was getting in his wheat, I left for home, resolving never to return there when people were harvesting.

MUNICIPAL COURT, AUG. 24.—John Smith, disorderly. Fined $5 and costs—Paid.

Thos. Harmacher, vagrancy. Sentenced to the State Reform School for one year.

Stephen Willis violating ordinance in relation to steamboat running, &c. Continued to 25th inst.

Mary Miller, disorderly. Discharged.

John H. Lewis assault and battery. Continued to Sept. 7th.

A USEFUL ARTICLE.—A new and useful article, called SPAULDING'S Prepared Glue, has been introduced to the notice of housekeepers. It is reliable and really adhesive, and enables every housekeeper to repair furniture and household ware without trouble, as it is always ready for use.—*Phil. Ledger.*

PIC-NIC OF THE BAND OF HOPE.—The pic-nic of this Society takes place on the 30th inst., at a grove on the line of the Mil. & Miss. R. R., 13 miles from the city. Train leaves at 10.40 A. M., returning at 6:30 P. M. Tickets 25 cents for adults, children 10 cents.

IMPROVEMENTS ON THE NORTH POINT.—The North Point is rapidly improving. We notice a couple of handsome houses going up—one for Mr. WENDT, and the other, we believe, for Mr. SEAMAN.

PIC-NIC.—The Congregation and Sabbath School of the First Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Mr. CORNING,) intend having a Pic-Nic excursion on Tuesday next. Cars have been chartered to accommodate any number.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—The Rev. NATHANIEL GUNNISON, pastor of the First Universalist Society at Halifax, Nova Scotia, will preach in the Church of the Redeemer, on Cass Street, at the usual hours on Sunday.

COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS throughout the State are requested to publish the call for a Sunday School Convention, which will be found in another column.

Trip to Milwaukee.

Called as a witness in Judge Miller's Court, we visited the "City of Bricks" last week. Preferring the cars to stages, we took the route via Warren, Freeport, Clinton and Janesville. On the entire route we were more forcibly impressed with the abundance of the wheat crop the present season, than ever before. As far as the eye could reach, in every direction, were to be seen the evidences that the husbandman had not labored in vain—that his toil had been amply rewarded. In most cases the sickle had done its work, and the workmen were busily employed in stacking or threshing out the grain. The yield, as far as has been proven, is even more abundant than was at first anticipated. In several places we were told, threshers were offering to thresh the entire crop of neighborhoods for the amount of the yield over thirty bushels to the acre. The oat crop is equally abundant and productive. Large fields of corn are intermixed with the smaller grain, and bid fair to contribute their full share towards filling the garner of the husbandman.

The city of Milwaukee presents a scene of life and animation that reminds one of the most prosperous days of former times in the West. A larger number of stores, and magnificent private residences, are in course of erection than for many years have been put up in that place. Merchants are anticipating a heavy fall trade, and making preparations accordingly.

We attended the

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE:

WALTER D. McINDOE, of Marathon.
BRADFORD RIXFORD, of Winnebago.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

W. W. VAUGHAN, of Racine.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

J. ALLEN BARBER, of Grant.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

H. LINDEMAN, of Jefferson.

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT,

JOHN F. POTTER.

SECOND DISTRICT,

LUTHER M. HANCHETT.

Republican Congressional Convention.

THIRD DISTRICT.

A Republican Convention for the Third Congressional District in the state of Wisconsin, will be held at Ripon, on Wednesday, the fifth day of September, 1860, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Congress of said District.

Each Assembly District will be entitled to three delegates in said Convention.

L. H. CARY,
WM. KLOTZSCH,
C. R. MERRILL,
M. L. KIMBALL,
District Committee.

GREENBUSH, July 31, 1860.

A Letter from the Attorney General.

We publish this morning a letter from Attorney General JAMES H. HOWE, declining to be a candidate for the Congressional nomination in the Third District. The tone and sentiments of that letter are worthy of all commendation. They are characteristic of Mr. HOWE; who is every inch a man, an ornament to the Republican party, and an honor to the State. It is not for us to dictate to the Republicans of the Third District whom they shall nominate. But we will venture to suggest that in the good old town of Green Bay there lives a gentleman whose election to Congress would be a source of pride and pleasure to every citizen of Wisconsin. As an old resident of the State; a man of the purest character, of eminent ability and of large experience in public life; one who has worn the ermine without stain, and who, in all the relations of life, has proved true to every trust, we cannot doubt that Judge TIMOTHY O. HOWE would receive the united and enthusiastic support of the Republican electors in the Third District.

The Sentinel on Yancey's Platform.

The *Sentinel* yesterday morning threw off its disguise, and planted itself fairly and squarely upon the platform promulgated by the ultra pro-slavery secessionist, who nominated Breckinridge and Lane for President and Vice-President, at Baltimore. In a leading editorial it is boldly asserted that the Supreme Court of the United States has "declared that neither the Legislature nor the people of the Territories" can prohibit slavery therein. Such is the identical doctrine proclaimed by Yancey and his followers. But Senator Douglas and his supporters, including Reverdy Johnson, who argued the Dred Scott case, maintain that the Court made no such decision. The question was not presented to the Court, and therefore could not be decided.—*News, of yesterday.*

There are two assertions in the above paragraph which are eminently cool, and quite characteristic of the *News*. One is, that the *Sentinel* adopts "the YANCEY platform," and the other, that the Supreme Court has made no such decision as we stated. The first invention does not need reply, being palpable on its face. As to the second, let the following extracts from HOWARD'S official report of the points laid down by the U. S. Supreme Court, in the Dred Scott case, (vol. 19, page 395,) suffice for answer:

3d. "EVERY CITIZEN HAS A RIGHT TO TAKE WITH HIM INTO THE TERRITORY ANY ARTICLE OF PROPERTY WHICH THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES RECOGNIZES AS PROPERTY."

4th. "THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES RECOGNIZES SLAVES AS PROPERTY, AND PLEDGES THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO DEFEND IT. And Congress cannot exercise any more authority over property of that description than it may constitutionally exercise over property of any other kind."

5th. "That act of Congress, therefore, prohibiting a citizen of the United States taking with him his slaves when he removes to the Territory in question to reside, IS AN ACT OF AUTHORITY OVER THE PRIVATE PROPERTY WHICH IS NOT WARRANTED BY THE CONSTITUTION, and the removal of the plaintiff by his owner to that Territory, gave him no title to freedom."

6th. "While it remains a Territory, Congress may legislate over it within the scope of its constitutional powers in relation to citizens of the United States, and may establish a Territorial Government, and the form of this local government must be regulated by the discretion of Congress; *but with the powers not exceeding those which Congress, under the Constitution is authorized in exercise over Citizens of the United States in respect to their rights of property.*"

These "principles" are so clearly stated as to require no comment. The right of property in slaves, in all the Territories of the United States, is expressly affirmed; the right to interfere with it in any way, on the part of either the Federal or Territorial Legislature, expressly denied; and the duty of the Federal Government to *protect* slavery in the Territories emphatically asserted. Such is the Dred Scott decision. But the *News* says that Mr. DOUGLAS does not assent to it. Let us see about that. The Baltimore Convention which nominated him adopted the following explicit resolutions:

Resolved, That the Democratic party *will abide by the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States over the institution of slavery within the Territories.*

Resolved, That in accordance with the true interpretation of the Cincinnati platform that, during the existence of a Territorial Government, the measure of restriction, whatever it may be, imposed by the Federal Constitution on the powers of the Territorial Legislature over the subject of domestic relations, *as the same has been or shall hereafter be finally determined by the Supreme Court of the United States*, shall be respected by good citizens, and enforced with promptness and fidelity by every branch of the Federal Government.

This is clear enough, certainly, and leaves no room for doubt, or subterfuge. Moreover, Mr. DOUGLAS himself has, in so many words, accepted the DRED SCOTT decision as a "finality." Here are his words:

I, in common with the Democracy of Illinois, accept the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Dred Scott case as an authoritative exposition of the Constitution.

Now bear in mind that this decision expressly lays down the following "authoritative" doctrine:

The Constitution of the United States recognizes slaves as property, and pledges the Federal Government to protect it.

What more need be said on the subject?

The Third Congressional District.

The Democrats of the Third District hold their Convention at Fond du Lac, next week, to nominate a candidate for Congress. We presume that Judge LARRABEE will obtain the nomination, though Mr. BRAGG is working hard to secure it. The Chilton *Times* and the Fond du Lac *Democratic Press* are warmly in his favor. The former styles him "the little giant of Wisconsin," and the latter says:

His nomination cannot be claimed as an administration triumph, for he is and always has been an ardent and steadfast supporter of Judge Douglas and the doctrine of popular sovereignty. Trading politicians will oppose him—men who expect to line their pockets by electing candidates, will oppose him. But among the people who know him, we think we can safely say, there is no man seeking that nomination, whose name will gain our ticket so many votes as Edward S. Bragg.

On the other hand, the Madison *Argus & Democrat* pitches into BRAGG in the following fashion:

NOT A CANDIDATE.—Fred Horn writes a letter to the Milwaukee *News*, in which he says that he is not a candidate for Congress in the Third District, but favors the re-nomination of Larrabee. It is a mere matter of justice for us, in behalf of his statement in his behalf, as we are opposed to him and Larrabee both. We are for Ed. Bragg—his style of correspondence is so precise and elegant, and he can write such a dirty, black-guard letter, to a newspaper that he is indebted to, when he wants it discontinued without paying for it. Go in, Ed., we will hold your hat.

The *Argus & Democrat* is, no doubt, slightly prejudiced. Mr. BRAGG enjoys the reputation of being a liberal, free-hearted gentleman. Nevertheless we suspect that he will fail to secure the prize he is struggling for. The Convention will probably come to the conclusion that "BRAGG is a good dog, but HOLBERT (LARRABEE) a better."

A GALLANT CHALLENGE.—The Republicans of the Assembly District in Cayuga Co., New York, in which Gov. SEWARD resides, passed the following resolve at their late convention:

Resolved, That it is our purpose and determination to give to Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin the largest Republican majority of any Assembly District in this State.

They will be as good as their word.

Senators Seward and Cameron.

Senator CAMERON of Pennsylvania has been on a visit to Senator SEWARD. The Republicans of Auburn learning that Mr. CAMERON was a guest of their distinguished townsman, called on him in a body. In reply to a speech of welcome he said: "He had heard doubts expressed as to Pennsylvania. He desired to say that no possible conclusion of circumstances can wrest the vote of the Keystone State from LINCOLN and HAMLIN. The State had suffered more than any other in the Union from Democratic misrule. Her immense resources were undeveloped, her manufactories discouraged and kept down by Sham Democracy. Under no contingency, therefore, could our people be induced to continue, for the next four years, an administration that ignored so completely the interests and welfare of Pennsylvania." The Senator repeated his thanks to the citizens for the honor conferred, and withdrew amid cheers and loud calls for Gov. SEWARD.

Senator SEWARD came forward and expressed his satisfaction that his fellow-citizens had called upon his friend from Pennsylvania, for among his friends none had been truer and more faithful. He defied Pennsylvania in the contest to give a larger majority for the able Republican standard bearers than the State of New York, and as for the county of Cayuga, he believed that there would be no soil more free from the encroachments of Democracy than old Cayuga in the coming campaign."

Sympathetic.

The Editor of the SENTINEL says that we had his sympathy when were in the "free-soil party." There is nothing remarkable in that. We are all sympathetic creatures. When the Editor of the SENTINEL was in the Florida war, paying the United States for his education, we sympathized with him deeply. He fought the Indians as valiantly as we did the Cass men.—*News of yesterday.*

The *News* no doubt intended to say something very sharp in the above paragraph, but we fail to see the point. The Editor of the SENTINEL never "was in the Florida War," and therefore the parallel of the *News* is a lame one. Pray explain what you are driving at, neighbor. Speak out like a man and don't stoop to inuendoes.

A Letter from our Attorney-General.

Correspondence of the Sentinel

MADISON, Aug. 23, 1860.

To the Editor of the Milwaukee Sentinel:

My apology for troubling you with this letter is, that I have received letters from many different portions of the Third Congressional District, asking if I shall be a candidate before the Ripon Convention, and, if not, whom I prefer among the many gentlemen named in connection with the nomination at that Convention.

I wish to avail myself of your columns to say that I shall not be a candidate. My name has never been used in that connection with my consent.

If I had any preference among the several distinguished gentlemen whose claims have been urged before the people of that district, I should not, in any manner, indicate them with any desire to influence the action of the Convention. In my judgment, that Convention has a plain, but very urgent duty to perform. At the commencement of this campaign, the Democracy had a small, but decisive majority in that district.

It is of the greatest National importance that that majority should be overcome and a Republican sent to Congress, because a single Congressional vote may determine the political character of the next House of Representatives; upon that House the success of Mr. LINCOLN'S Administration will mainly depend. Under such circumstances, no man should allow his personal feelings, or individual preferences to influence his conduct. The simple question to be asked is: What Republican in the district, all things considered, *can poll the most votes?* Let the Republican electors, in their primary meetings, select for delegates men unpledged to any individual. Let them meet in convention, and after dispassionate reflection, nominate the *strongest man*, utterly regardless of all other considerations. In this way only, can we win.

I wish further to say, in answer to very numerous inquiries—and I believe my acquaintance with men in the western portion of the district enables me to speak with absolute certainty—that any one of the gentlemen heretofore named, in connection with that nomination, would receive the cordial and earnest support of every Republican voter there. Whoever the nominee of that convention may be, if he stands upon the Chicago platform, he will receive every Republican vote.

I am, very respectfully yours,

JAMES H. HOWE.

To Firemen.

From the Janesville Gazette.

The following circular has been issued in conformity with the expressed wish of several companies in different parts of the State. The reluctance with which the State Fair has offered premiums to fire companies, together with the fact that the presence of firemen has attracted thousands yearly to exhibitions of the State Agricultural Society, and the fact that the premiums have not been commensurate with the benefit which has accrued to the society thereby, induced the department of this city to make a move towards the organization of a "Firemen's State Association."

The object of this association is to provide for an annual tournament. Prizes will be gotten up by the association to be awarded to engine, hose and hook and ladder companies. That each annual tournament will pay all the expenses, pay for the prizes to be awarded, and leave a handsome sum in the treasury of the association, no fireman will doubt; at least such has been the result of similar associations in other States. An association of the nature proposed will place all companies on an equal basis, and companies winning prizes are sure of obtaining what they contend for.

It is proposed to stand independent of all other societies, to hold tournaments at a time of year better suited than when fairs are usually held, to have the management of them in those who fully understand firemen's rights, and to adopt their rules and regulations by which to be governed during trials.

It is an unquestioned fact that these tournaments, if rightly conducted, will attract thousands to witness the trials of skill and superiority, and this, while providing means for paying expenses, will be the means of greatly improving the alertness and efficiency of the several companies when called to duty at home.

This circular, which is intended for all engine, hose and hook and ladd-r companies in the State—although some may have been overlooked in their distribution—reads as follows:

"At a meeting of Water Witch Engine Co. No. 2, of this city, the undersigned committee were appointed to correspond with the several fire companies in the State, to make an effort to form a State Association together with an Firemen's Annual Tournament.

Our views of the matter would be for the several companies to appoint one, two or three delegates to meet at Milwaukee, Janesville, Madison, or Racine, to perfect arrangements."

Your correspondent is informed that if replies favorable to this object are received, that a meeting will be called at an early day and if deemed advisable by the delegates—it is desired that they be instructed in regard to it—a tournament will be arranged for this fall—perhaps September.

The committee, John C. Spencer, Wm. H. Sargent and Henry Hemming, will pay proper and immediate attention to all replies by letter.

Papers published where a department exists will confer a favor by copying.

Yours, in behalf of the enterprise,

W. H. H.

ROBBERIES IN QUEBEC.—The reporters of the New York *Tribune* and London *Illustrated News* were robbed at Russel's Hotel, in Quebec, on Friday night—the former of a watch and money, and the latter of five hundred dollars.

DURING last year, no less than 529 agricultural articles were patented in this country. Of these 117 were seed planters, 113 harvesters, 48 cultivators, 43 plows, 42 churns, &c.

A HALIFAX PAPER states that on two nights, of last week, at Scotch Bay, 30,000 shad were caught in one night and 35,000 in the other.

THERE ARE 7,000 veins in an inch of mother of pearl. These decompose the rays of light, and produce the prismatic colors.

Panama Hats.

Behind the principal chain of the Andes extends, on the banks of the Ucayale and the Maranon, an immense plain inclined to the east, traversed by mountain ranges, and which is called in Peru the Montana Real. Under a rainy sky, which is often disturbed by thunder storms, the eternal verdure of the primordial forests charms the eye of the traveller, whilst the inundations, the marshes, the enormous serpents, the innumerable insects, arrest his hesitating march. This region, through which the communications are difficult, is called Lower Peru.

There grow in all the luxuriance of unlimited vegetation the most beautiful and gigantic plants, the loveliest and most odorous flowers, the most useful shrubs, the herbs the richest, both as to production and value, many of which are unknown in Europe, though eminently appreciated in the country itself. In Lower Peru grows the bombonaxa or hat straw, resembling as to form a tuft of marsh reeds. The color is a delicate green. The hats called Panama hats, and made from the bombonaxa, have received the name they bear from first having been imported from Panama to the United States. In truth, however, the bombonaxa hats are exported from nearly the whole South American coast. Certain classes of Indians devote themselves exclusively to the making of these hats.

The process is a very long one, and this is one reason why the price of these hats is so high. The minute, delicate labor is longer or shorter according to the quality; for whilst common articles demand scarcely more than two or three days, those of the best description require entire months of care and attention. The plaiting of these hats occupies the whole of the Indian colony of Moyamba, on the banks of the Amazon, to the north of Lower Peru. In this village men women and children and old men, are equally busy. The inhabitants are all seen seated before their cottages, plaiting hats and smoking cigarettes. The straw is plaited on a thick piece of wood, which the workman holds between his knees: The The centre is begun first, and the work continued outward to the rim. The time the most favorable for this kind of work is the morning of rainy days, when the atmosphere is saturated with moisture. At noon or when the weather is clear and dry, the straw is apt to break, and these breakages appear in the form of knots when the work is ended.

The leaves of the bombonaxa, to be fit to be used, are gathered before their complete development. They are steeped in hot water until they become white. When this operation is terminated, each plant is separately dried in a chamber where a high temperature is kept up. The bombonaxa is then bleached for two or three days. The straw thus prepared is despatched to all the places where the inhabitants occupy themselves with the plaiting hats, and the Indians of Peru employ the straw not only for hats, but also in making those delicate little cigar cases, which are often sold for $5 or $10 each.

The Indians of Moyamba, evidently sprung from the Mongolian race, have large flat faces. Their eyes are placed obliquely, so that the grand angle descends towards the nose. The cheek bones are prominent; the brow is low and flattened; the hair is black, smooth and glossy; their skin is of a brownish red color; their figure is tolerably good and regular. They live in groups and in little tribes, hidden in the virgin forests, or disseminated over the vast pampas of Lower Peru. It is to this race, which is in the highest degree indolent, lazy and selfish, that the world owes the bombonaxa hats.

When an Indian has made a dozen or so of these hats, he sets out for the residence of a dealer in the article, and generally arrives in the evening. Nothing is more curious than to see the cunning Indian, his merchandise hid under the folds of his poncho, advancing towards the house of the supposed purchaser, waiting without stirring, and looking at the door in silence. When the dealer examines a hat which the Indian has shown him, the latter asks an enormous price, which in general three times the value of the article, and when, after long discussion, he at last decides on concluding a bargain, one sees him examining with distrust the money which he has received, and rubbing it in order to try whether it is good. If the sellers of the hats are to the number of two or three, he who has concluded the bargain, passes to the others the sum paid, in order that they may also see whether it is honest money. If the money pleases them, the first draws from his inexhaustible poncho a second, a third, a twentieth hat, as a consoler drawn every variety of article from a hat; and for each of the "Panamas" the same scene of distrust is renewed for the verification of the money.

We can easily understand the slowness which results from this mode of sale. It is difficult to buy more than twenty hats a day, even in giving the best price. Thus, in order to collect 2,000 hats representing a value of $1,000, a sojourn of three or four months in the country is required; and as transactions with savages, such as those of Lower Peru, are difficult, dealers are obliged to carry about with them both the money and the merchandise. Notwithstanding these difficulties, the trade in hats is one of the surest and most lucrative in the land.

Mayobamba exports every year ten or eleven thousand hats. The province of Pannamy produces much more than Peru. It is supposed that no less than sixty or eighty thousand hats are annually exported from the province of Panmamy. If the average price of a hat is reckoned at two piasters, their exportation will represent a value of about 240,000. The greater part of the hats are exported from Lima, but of late years the exportation has likewise taken place by way of the Amazon.

Hitherto the high price of the Panama hats has hindered their transportation into Europe, but as the average price of a hat has fallen to about £1, they are now within the reach of nearly every one. The Panamas are distinguished from all other hats in being in a single piece, marvellously light, and of incomparable elasticity. They can be rolled and put in the pocket without any danger of being broken. In rainy weather they become black, but they recover their natural color when steeped in soapy water.

What constitutes and maintains the reputation of the Panama hats is that neither heat nor insects which devour everything under the torrid sun of the equator, can affect the bombonaxa straw. In the long run nothing but humidity can destroy him.—They last eight times as long as a Leghorn hat. They are easily carried about. They can be folded and rolled by the dozen, like the commonest merchandise. In short, the trade in Panama hats is the very best in South America, and it would be easy to establish it in Algeria, in the West Indies and in Guiana.

There has been an importation into France of Panama hats not more than two years.—The importation into England has just begun: but it is sure greatly to extend.—*London Illustrated News.*

AN ELEPHANT TAKING A BATH.—A tolerably large proportion of the population of Cincinnati and Covington assembled upon the Ohio and Kentucky banks of the river yesterday morning, to witness the promised swimming excursion of Dan Rice's famous elephant, "Lalla Rookh." An extremely knowing look upon the phizzes of many of those present evinced a strong suspicion that they were the half-conscious victims of a mammoth "sell;" but when the animal made her appearance upon the Covington side, and marched down to the water's edge, all doubts vanished, and there was a general eagerness manifested to see what was to follow.

Upon entering the river, the elephant manifested a disposition to lay down and roll, instead of performing her part, as laid down in the bills of the day, but a little "persuasion" on the part of her keeper, Mr. Noyes, induced her to launch out, which she proceeded to do to the evident gratification of all beholders. She got along very well until some of the numerous skiffs which followed in her wake pressed too closely upon her, when she suddenly turned upon them, and incontinently put them all to flight. She followed them, apparently in a great rage, to the "old Kentucky shore," without, however, overtaking any of the *fugitives*, who took a course diametrically opposite from that usually adopted by persons of that persuasion, hailing from the aforesaid Commonwealth.

Traveling up the shore some distance above her first starting place, she again plunged in and swam from a short distance below the mouth of the Licking to the foot of Race street, where she effected a landing in the most approved style. While in the water she would frequently dive and remain under for a considerable time, and her various manœuvers appeared to afford a great deal of amusement to the spectators, who were variously estimated at from fifteen to twenty thousand in number. Dan Rice, in person, superintended the voyage of her Asiatic majesty.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

CURIOUS CASE OF CONSCIENCE.—About forty years ago, a citizen of Baltimore, then in the Island of St. Domingo, lent to an individual the sum of eighty dollars. The gentleman returned home, and soon after died. The matter was entirely forgotton, when a short time since a letter was received at the Baltimore postoffice, directed to the heirs of the dead lender. It contained a statement of the transaction, and the sum of *seven hundred and fifty-one* dollars, in full, for principal and interest of the original loan. The writer is an American, residing in a Northern State, and he has thus, at this late date, relieved his conscience of an obligation which, judging from the result, has borne heavily upon it.

A HOT SHOVEL held over varnished furniture, will take out white spots.

Horrible Tragedy—Murder of a Mother, Two Brothers and a Young Female in Walworth.

From the Manchester (Eng.) Guardian, 1st.

Four fearful murders were committed yesterday morning, at No. 16 Manor Place, Walworth Road. Shortly after six o'clock, Mr. Bevan, the landlord of the house, heard what he described as a "lumbering" noise overhead, such as might have been caused by children running about. A slight scream followed, and he went up stairs, when he found some dead bodies on the landing. The alarm was given, and several police officers entered. The landing was saturated with blood, which had scarcely congealed, and lying in the midst of it were three bodies, fearfully mutilated. The first was found to be that of a boy about six years of age, lying on his back, with his head towards the stairs. The next was that of a young female in her night dress; lying on her right side and partially upon her was the body of an elderly female. Mr. Inspector Dann was then informed that a young man, the son of the elderly female, was on that story, and, on stepping over the bodies, he saw a man, about twenty five years of age, standing perfectly calm and apparently quite indifferent to the horrible scene around him. Inspector Dann told him he must take him into custody, when the young man made the following remarks: "I was in bed with my brother, when mother came up to the bedside with a knife, and killed my brother, who was sleeping with me; then she made a stab at me, and I wrested the knife from her and killed her in self-defence."

The young man was then taken into custody, and Inspector Dann proceeded into the back room on the same landing, and discovered a fourth body, that of a boy about eleven years of age, lying in bed, weltering in blood.

The supposed murderer is named William Godfrey Youngman, aged 25 years; and the victims are Mary Youngman, the mother of the prisoner, aged about 50; Thomas Youngman, aged 11; Charles Youngman, aged 6, (his brothers); and Mary Wells Streeter, aged 27, a young woman to whom the prisoner, it is said, was to be married yesterday. Miss Streeter was the daughter of Mr. Streeter, a farmer of Hunter's Hill, Woodhurst, Sussex. The prisoner has resided away from the other members of the family, but returned to them a week or ten days since, and mentioned to some other persons who lived in the house that he intended going into the farming business. He is described as having been quiet and steady in his habits.

On Monday night he brought home with him Miss Streeter, who slept with his mother, the prisoner sleeping with the elder of the two other boys. Between the bodies of Mrs. Youngman and Miss Streeter was found a large Spanish dagger clasp-knife, with a patent back-spring. The knife, which was completely encrusted with blood, is about ten inches long in the blade, with a cross guard. About an eighth of an inch of the point of the dagger was broken off, as also a portion of the guard. The fact is, no doubt, to be accounted for by the frightful wound received by the younger child, the bone of vertebræ of whose back was completely out thro', the head only remaining on the trunk by a portion of the flesh; and this poor child had also received in the left breast. The body of the other child also bore similar wounds. The prisoner's mother had received a stab in the breast, her throat being cut principally behind one of the ears.

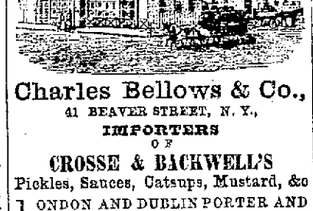
The fourth victim, Miss Streeter, had likewise a dreadful stab in the breast, her throat being also perfectly cut from ear to ear. It is supposed that the prisoner, soon after his father left the house for his usual occupation killed first his brother, with whom he was sleeping, that the noise alarmed Miss Streeter, and that she ran from one room across the landing to the other door, where she was met by the prisoner and immediately stabbed. The mother, it is surmised, followed her immediately, which supposition is borne out by the fact that the body was partially resting upon that of Miss Streeter. The other boy, no doubt, left last, and seeing what had been done, endeavored to escape by running down stairs, but must have been caught by the murderer, thrown backwards, and thus butchered.

THE number of inhabitants in the county of Richland, according to the census, completed August 1st, 1860:

Towns.	Inhabitants.	Uninhabited families.	Farms.	Establishments of industry.	Deaths.
Richland	1,073	58	16	16	13
Buena Vista	1165	41	80	4	4
Ithica	932	31	125	5	4
Richmond	1,029	19	42	7	10
Forest	779	10	101	4	4
Dayton	964	15	74	3	4
Richwood	1,170	15	70	8	16
Akan	844	11	95	3	9
Rockbridge	540	11	55	3	3
Willow	447	9	61	3	1
Westford	479	12	54	3	1
Henrietta	481	12	61	3	1
Boaon	520	19	60	2	2
Forest	564	10	89	3	1
Marshall	831	5	89	1	2
Syrian	351	11	51		

—*Richland County Banner.*

Sauces, Spices, &c.



Charles Bellows & Co.,

41 BEAVER STREET, N. Y.,

IMPORTERS

OF

CROSSE & BACKWELL'S

Pickles, Sauces, Catsups, Mustard, &c

LONDON AND DUBLIN PORTER AND Brown Stout, quarts and pints.

Scotch and English Ales, pale and strong, in glass and stone bottles, imported in the bottle, all the various brands.

Madeira, Sherry, and Port Wines, in half pipes, quarters and eighths, of the several grades and qualities.

Brandies of Otard, Dupuy & Co., Hennessey, Marrett & Co., Jules, Robin & Co., A. & Alex. Seignette, in half, quarter and eighth pipes.

Medford's Swan Gin and Cole's Schnapps.

Jamaica, Grenada, St. Croix and Bay Rum.

Sicily, Tenerifie and Mascatelle Madeira.

Burgundy and pure Juice Port.

Champagne Wines, in quarts and pints, of Moet & Chandeo, S. A. Ruinart & Co., Heidsick, Bouchie, Fils & Drouet & Co., &c., the latter in ½ pipes and magnums—also

Claret Wines, of every grade and quality, quarts and pints, from Barton & Guestier, Brandenburg & Co., and Crusse Frere & Fils. Also, fine Burgundies.

Hock Wines, still and sparkling in all their variety, large and small bottles, from Henckel & Co., Marcobrunn-on-the-Rhine.

Maraschino, Curacoa, Absynthe, Kirkenwasser, Anisette, and assorted Cordials, French, Italian and Swiss.

Choice Teas—Oolong, Souchong, finest English Breakfast, Hyson, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial, in various sized packages.

English and French Mustard, in bottles, jars and kegs.

Olives, plain and stuffed, Capers, Sardines, Anchovies, &c.

Gelatine, T. & T. Cox's and Geo. Nelson's.

Bordeaux, Italian and Marseilles Oil, whole and half bottles, some of which is of the very finest quality.

Blacking, Day and Martin's celebrated Japan, in three sizes.

Worcestershire Sauce, &c., &c.

Havana Segars, &c., &c.

feb52°62d1y2n5pp

Paper Hangings, &c.

WALL PAPER!

FAXON & VAUX,

YOUNG'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

WALL PAPER

Of every quality and price.

PAPER SHADES, GREEN PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, HOLLAND'S CURTAIN FIXTURES, &c.

Window Shades of Every Description

Made to Order on short notice.

N. FAXON. [jy25d30d1y] T. VAUX.

COLLINGBOURNE'S

WALL PAPERS,

WINDOW SHADES & FIXTURES

Brushes, and Artist's Colors,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS,

87 MAIN STREET - - - - - - MILWAUKEE

J. J. McGRATH & CO.,

HAVE OPENED

AT THE OLD STAND,

21 WISCONSIN STREET,

—ONE OF—

The Largest & Best Selected Stock

—OF—

Paper Hangings & Window Shades

EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET,

Which they are

Selling at 40 per cent. Less

Than other House in this City.

Please Call and Examine the Goods.

may1[3d&d1y

Dry Goods.

THE

CLOSING OUT SALE

—AT THE—

Milwaukee Savings' Store,

WILL BE CONTINUED FOR

TWENTY DAYS ONLY!

AND THE

ENTIRE STOCK

OF

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS!

ARE OFFERED

Without Regard to Cost or Value!

CALL EARLY

AND

SECURE GREAT BARGAINS.

MACK BROTHERS,

151 East Water Street.

An Immense Sale!

AT A

GREAT SACRIFICE!

Without Regard to Cost!!

J. L. DAVIS,

WILL OFFER HIS

ENTIRE STOCK!

—OF—

SUMMER

DRESS GOODS!

AT A

Great Reduction in Price!

FOR THIRTY DAYS!

IN ORDER TO CLOSE OUT THIS branch of his stock

Before Moving into his New Store.

Many of these Goods will be

MARKED DOWN

AND

Sold Regardless of their Cost,

As he is determined to go into his new store with

A NEW AND FRESH STOCK

OF

DRY GOODS!

AND

CARPETS!

This one of the best opportunities

EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC

TO BUY GOODS CHEAP!

dec19n2d1y

264 MAIN STREET 254

L. BLAKE

Has just received a lot of

New Bonnets, New Ribbons,

NEW PARASOLS,

New Embroidered Collars and Setts.

A FRESH LOT OF ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves, Douglas & Sherwood's Skirts, Corsets, British Cotton Hose, Leather Bags, &c., &c.

Drugs and Medicines.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

HENRY FESS, JR.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST

195 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

TALLOW OIL.

25 BBLS. TALLOW OIL, A TIP-TOP article, for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist, 195 East Water Street.

REED'S BAKING POWDERS, FOR sale, by the gross or dozen, also, at retail, HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. 5 gross received and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., jan19 Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—30 CASES RECEIVED, and for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., 195 East Water st

PAINT BRUSHES.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE BEST LOT of Paint Brushes ever offered in this market, and for sale at prices to suit the times. HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist, 195 East Water St.

AYERS' CHERRY PECTORAL, FOR sale by HENRY FESS, Jr., Druggist.

JOHN RICE,

Wholesale Druggist, and Jobber

—IN—

ALCOHOL,

BURNING FLUID,

CAMPHENE,

TURPENTINE,

LINSEED OIL,

WINDOW GLASS

CLASS WARE,

PAINTS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

AND BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS.

I ALSO HAVE LEAD AND ZINC ground in Oil, put up in 12½ and 25 lb Cans, made of extra strength, and with the lids suitable for a Paint Pot, at ½ cent per lb advance of price for it in kegs.

I am also buying and making contracts for GINSENG ROOT at the highest market price.

33 East Water Street,

MILWAUKEE,.....WISCONSIN.

jy14

10 TONS PUTTY "BLADDERS."
3 TONS RED LEAD, ENG.
1 TON LITHARGE.
20 CASKS ROCHELLE OCHRE.
2 CASKS ENG. ROSE PINK.
5 CASKS PRUSSIAN BLUE.

5 CASES ULTRAMARINE BLUE,
50 BBLS ASSORTED LAMP BLACK,
75 BBLS ENGLISH WHITING,
50 BBLS WHITE CHALK,
25 BBLS VEN. RED, ENGLISH,
5 BBLS PATENT DRYER.

10 Cases Amer. Vermillion,
5 Bags Eng. Vermillion,
1 Bag Trieste Vermillion,
2 Cases Chinese Vermillion,
25 Cases Chrome Green,
50 Cases Paris Green.

BOSWORTH & SONS,
jy18 Wholesale Druggists, Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE INTELLIGENCE

—AND—

SERVANT'S OFFICE,

NO. 234 EAST WATER STREET,

TWO DOORS SOUTH OF WALKER House. The subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Milwaukee and vicinity, that he has opened at the above place an office for the purpose of procuring good and efficient Male and Female Servants for private families and hotels. Also, Clerks, Barkeepers, Waiters, Mechanics and Laborers, of all descriptions. No servants will be sent out of this office but what can show good references from their former employers. Families that are desirous to engage a servant will be supplied on the shortest notice by paying, or sending 50 cents into the office, with directions of their respective residences.

jy21d3m PHILIPP HORWITZ.

No. 234 East Water Street.

COW BELLS.

100 DOZEN ASSORTED COW BELLS for sale cheap, by JOHN NAZRO & CO.

Hats, Caps and Furs.

SOMETHING NEW!

READ IT!!

ONE PRICE AND NO ABATEMENT.

I will hereafter offer my entire Stock of

HATS, CAPS,

—AND—

STRAW GOODS,

—OF THE—

Latest Styles

AND BEST QUALITIES,

—AT—

UNPRECEDENTLY LOW PRICES

I will do a one price business or none at all. It is not right that those who will not barter for Goods should pay more than those who do. A GENTLEMAN should not pay more for goods than any one else.

I have marked my Goods to

Sell from 20 to 33 per cent Less

THAN USUAL RETAIL PRICES,

And will sell to all alike.

The best fashionable

SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS,

—ALSO—

EVERY STYLE OF CAP MADE TO ORDER

And Warranted to Suit or no Sale.

J. A. BENEDICT & CO.

☞ Remember the place: 152 East Water street, Sign of the White Bear. sep18'60d1f

Fuel, Lumber, &c.

TIMBER!

ALL SIZES

AT

CHIVAS & CO.'S

CHEAP LUMBER YARD,

aug13'45d1mo Walker's Point.

LUMBER.

THOSE WHO INTEND BUYING LUMBER ought to call upon us before purchasing elsewhere, for we are determined to sell our Lumber this season at the very lowest prices for Cash.

Lumber delivered on board the cars or boats in any part of the city free of expense. A discount allowed on Lumber by the car load.

☞ CHIVAS & CO., at the Cheap Lumber Yard, corner of Lake and Hanover sts., Walker's Point. au29

CASH COAL YARD!

C. DUDLEY, AGENT,

IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR GALLON, the following kinds of Coal, of the very best quality and

LOW PRICES!

Delivered in any part of the city on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold, t this Yard warranted full weight and best quality.

LEHIGH PREPARED COAL,
LEHIGH LUMP COAL,
SCRANTON PREPARED COAL,
SCRANTON LUMP COAL,
LACKAWANA PREPARED COAL,
LACKAWANA LUMP COAL,
PITTSTON PREPARED COAL,
PITTSTON LUMP COAL,
BLOSSBURGH COAL,
PITTSBURGH COAL,
ERIE AND CLEVELAND COAL.

Will deliver to dealers and large consumers, at any point on the lakes or in the country, at eastern prices, adding freight.

☞ All orders addressed to C. DUDLEY, Agent, Milwaukee, will receive prompt attention.

☞ Ground and Yard, corner of West Water and Clybourn streets, near Huron Street Bridge, Milwaukee. jy16d63d1y

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JONES & POPE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in the various kinds of very best Coal, for Steam, Blacksmith, and Family purposes. Also,

Wood, Baled Hay and Water Lime,

Constantly on hand. Wood sawn or unsawn, to suit customers,

AT LOW PRICES,

Delivered to any part of the city, or on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold here warranted good weight, and of the best quality.

All large consumers and dealers wishing to buy Bituminous Coal by the cargo, for steam and black-smith purposes, please give us a call. We will sell at Cleveland prices, delivered on board vessel, the best and cheapest Steam and Blacksmith Coal now in the market. Being proprietors of an extensive Coal mine, and receiving fresh Coals daily at Cleveland, are prepared to sell as low as anybody.

☞ Office and Yard, Wood and Coal Yard, corner of Oneida and River Streets, Milwaukee, Wis. aug22d68d1y

Pianos,

Special Notices.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS,

Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D.,

NEW YORK CITY.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all Irregularities, Painful Menstruation, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

TO MARRIED LADIES,

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in the use of other Pills can place the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE.

There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Prices $1. Sent by Mail on enclosing $1 to Dr. CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, Box 4331, Post Office, New York City.

Sold by one Druggist in every town in the United States.

H. B. HUTCHINS,
General Agent for the United States,
No. 11 Broadway, New York.

To whom all Wholesale orders should be addressed.

Sold in Milwaukee by Green & Button, and H. Bosworth & Son. mar3'59dswoow

Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.

BY MARTIN JONES.

Jolly times at our house, all the children well;
Thought that worms would kill 'em, thought so for a spell.
Didn't think so afterwards, when I up and tried
BRYAN'S TASTELESS VERMIFUGE, 'twas the *commotion* died.

Put up in bottles. Price 25 cents. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and by druggists. aug16dlm

The New American Watch.

IN ORDER TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS of Gentlemen who prefer a thinner watch than those usually made by us, we have lately issued a new style of watch on the three-quarter plate model, especially designed for this purpose.

In establishing this new series, it has also been our desire to produce a watch in every way superior to the best and lightest priced products of the most reputable of English and Swiss watch manufacturers; and no labor or expense has been spared to this end.

In all respects of fine and durable material, of external and internal finish, accurate compensation and adjustment, of mathematically just proportions, and of *practical merits*, our new three-quarter plate watch challenges competition with any in the world.

For the AMERICAN WATCH CO., of Waltham Mass. HOBBINS & APPLETON, Agents,

aug15'60d1w1m 152 Broadway, N. Y.

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Pectoral Syrup

ARE YOUR LUNGS WEAK? DOES a long breath give you pain? Have you a hacking cough? Do you expectorate hard, tough matter? Have you wasted with night sweats and want of sleep? If so, *here is your remedy*. It will unquestionably save you.

Price $1. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. aug14dlm

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If the Health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice. jn15dlyd&wlyr

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture

CONSISTS OF A VARIETY OF VEGETABLE specifics for pulmonary irritation, combined in one *indefinable antidote*, by a physician acknowledged by his professional brethren to have "no superior." It dissipates immediately the most distressing symptoms of cold, cough, or sore throat, and removes it entirely in an incredibly short time. Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists aug16dlm

Pimples on the Face and Skin Diseases

ARE GENERALLY CAUSED BY ANIMALCULE surrounded in the skin. Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, by its powerful and penetrating qualities, destroys every vestige of them, restoring health and beauty to the skin wherever applied, removing Tan and Freckles.

Inflamed or Sore Eyes.

A. G. Cushing, of South Bend, Ind., says: "The Magnetic Ointment is the only remedy in use here for INFLAMED EYES. The Auditor of our county has so much faith in its curative powers in this disease, that he not only highly recommends it, but offers to forfeit the amount paid for it in each case, if it fails of a cure."

Piles.

Piles which are at this season of the year particularly troublesome, are cured at once by Trask's Magnetic Ointment; apply to the parts affected and smell of the back.

Nervousness or Sick Headache.

Apply the Ointment freely to the forehead and temples and back of the neck, also to the soles of the feet and palms of the hands. It will relieve the severest headache in thirty minutes.

☞ Sold by all medicine dealers.

My13d1dawsowSm

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Moffat's Life Pills!

AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

Free from all Mineral Poisons!!

IN CASES OF SCROFULA, ULCERS, Scurvy, or Eruptions of the Skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, effectually removing, in a few days, every vestige of those loathsome diseases by the purifying effects on the blood. Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short, most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved. Prepared by

WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
No. 335 Broadway, New York.

oct13d&wly

Lake Steamers, &c.

CHANGE OF TIME.

For Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc & Two Rivers.

THE STMR. CLEVELAND, Capt. HENRY FISH, will leave my Dock for above Ports, every evening, (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock. R. OLMSTED, Agent.

sp21'60dtf

For Green Bay and Intermediate Ports

THE SPLENDID PROPELLER Wabash Valley, Captain DOUGLASS, will make weekly trips to above Ports, leaving my Dock every Wednesday, at 5 o'clock. R. OLMSTED, Agent.

my15'60dtf

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14, 1860,
THE STEAMER GAZELLE,

CAPT. T. G. BUTLIN,

Will run, the coming season, between Milwaukee & Chicago, leaving Milwaukee every even ng (Saturdays excepted) at 7 o'clock; leave Chicago every morning, (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock

☞ Fare 1 ming as heretofore. $5 on.

☞ Freights taken at the lowest rates.

my15'60dtf R. OLMSTED, Agent.

Banking and Exchange.

ARMSTRONG, SPINK & CO.

BANKERS,

CORNER OF HURON AND EAST WATER Streets, buy and sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange, uncurrent money, Gold, &c. Are prepared to draw direct on England, Ireland Scotland, Wales, and the principal cities on the Continent of Europe.

Milwaukee, Nov. 10th, 1859. nov12d1y1875

PRICE, FARMER & CO.

BANKERS & DEALERS IN

Bank Notes, Specie & Exchange,

NO. 15 NEWHALL HOUSE, MIL.,

COLLECTIONS MADE AND REMITTED promptly at current rates of exchange.

REFER TO

Continental Bank, N. Y.; Dr. Cummings, President Girard Bank, Philadelphia; Merchants, Savings, Loan & Trust Co., Chicago; Bank of the Commonwealth, State Bank, Wisconsin, Milwaukee. mar24'60dly

FLAGS, BANNERS,

AND

SIGNS

PAINTED TO ORDER, AT

COLLINGBOURNE'S,

267 Main Street, Milwaukee.

WALL PAPER & WINDOW SHADES.

jy14'60dlmoy1

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

WHO WANTS TO PURCHASE A home for their family, read the following: A here left with me ten acres of land, all enclosed and under cultivation, with a block house, two miles from city limits, which can be purchased for the small sum of seven hundred dollars, and on such terms that any one who has any wishs or industry about him, can pay for it. For further information call at my office. CALEB WALL.

THE SENTINEL.

Terms of the Sentinel.

CASH, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum			$7.00
do	do	do six months	4.00
do	do	do three months	2.00
do	do	do per week	15
Papers to the Trade, per hundred			2.00
DAILY, by mail, per annum			7.00
do	do	six months	4.00
do	do	three months	2.00
do	do	per month	1.00
do	do	single copies 3 cents.	
TRI-WEEKLY, per annum			4.00
do		six months	2.00
do		three months	1.00
WEEKLY, per annum			1.50
do	six months		1.00
do	three months		50

CLUB RATES FOR THE WEEKLY.

To clubs of four (to one address) per annum.. $5.00
do do five do do do .. 6.00
do do ten do do do .. 10.00
Address JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers Daily Sentinel, Milwaukee, Wis.

THE SUMMER SHOWER.

BY T. BUCHANAN READ.

Before the stout harvester falleth the grain,
As when the strong storm-wind is reaping the plain,
And loiters the boy in the cherry-bent tree;
But yonder comes the silvery rain,
Like a long line of spears, brightly burnished and tall

Adown the white highway, like cavalry fleet,
It dashes the dust with its numberless feet.
Like a murmuring school, in their leafy retreat,
The wild birds sit listening the drops round them beat;
And the boy crouches close to the blackberry wall.

The swallows alone take the storm on their wing,
And, taunting the tree-sheltered laborers, sing,
Like pebbles the rain breaks the face of the spring,
While a bubble darts upward from each widening ring;
And the boy, in dismay, hears the loud shower fall.

But soon are the harvesters tossing the sheaves;
The robin darts out from his bower of leaves;
The wren peereth forth from the moss-covered eaves;
And the rain-spatter'd urchin now gladly perceives
That the beautiful bow bendeth over them all.

From Blackwood.

A STORY OF THE GOLDEN AGE.

In the far-off Golden Age, which historians allude to and poets describe—in the beautiful valley of a small river which empties into the Caspian Sea, where roses bloomed in a perpetual spring-time; where all sweet flowers filled the air with fragrance, and all the melodious birds with song—was gathered one of those happy groups of families into which mankind were divided in the first ages after the Deluge, before there were cities, kingdoms, wars, and splendors, and vices, and cruelties of more advanced civilization.

The Vale of Roses glowed like a new paradise. The mountains, whose glittering peaks, like a jewelled crown, surrounded the valley, and shielded it from the cold blasts of the Siberian winds. Silver cascades dashed down the precipices, throughout evergreen trees, flowering shrubs, and long, pendent vines. The emerald-green sward that sloped down to the river was bespangled with a thousand gay and odorous flowers, and strawberries gleamed through the grass; the clumps of shrubbery were filled with delicious berries, and grape vines loaded the trees with purple clusters. The choicest fruit grew spontaneously, and the upland terraces were covered with wheat and barley, sown by the lavish hand of Nature, for the food of man.

In this delightful scene were scattered groups of rustic cottages—small, simple, rude in structure, but so embowered with foliage and surrounded with spreading trees, and so in harmony with the landscape, that each cluster was a new picture of delight. Herds of cattle were lowing in the meadows, horses neighed in their rich pastures, and flocks of sheep and goats gave beauty and animation to the landscape. These were attended by shepherds and shepherdesses, dressed in simple but graceful robes, and crowned with flowers. With the lowing and bleating of the herds, the softened roar of the distant cascades, the murmur of the summer breeze, the hum of bees, were mingled the melodies of the rude shepherd's pipe, and choruses of happy children at play. The old people—their venerable heads covered with silver locks—sat in the shade of spreading trees, talking together of the days of their youth, or relating the traditions of their ancestors, and the events of their own early days, to the young people who gathered around them, full of affection and reverence.

In this happy valley of the almost forgotten past, that was ever governed by its contented, and the most beautiful was queen. Where all was love as perfect health, freedom from care, and innocence, could make them, Tamar was the most beautiful, as her grandfather, Olm, was esteemed most sage. The mother of Tamar, who, in her youth, had held the place now filled by her daughter, was esteemed for her virtue and wisdom, as much as she had ever been admired for her loveliness. The beautiful Tamar was beloved by all—old and young. As she wandered along the romantic banks of the river, in the dewy morning, the blue firmament, with its embroidery of silver clouds, seemed but her canopy; the trees and shrubs nodded their homage; the flowers sent up their incense of perfume; the birds warbled their melodies for her delight; the very flocks stopped grazing to look at her; the horses neighed at her as she drew near them; sweet-eyed gazelles approached her without fear. In this harmony of Nature she walked—its queen—robed in lustrous white, and crowned with choicest flowers.

Among all the youths who admired fair Tamar, two of the worthiest aspired to favor for love. Arnette was one of the bravest as well as one of the noblest of the youths of the valley. No foot was swifter in the race—no arm stronger in the flood. He could climb the precipice with the mountain goat; his arrow pierced the heart of the spotted leopard or the fierce wolf, that came to prey on the flocks of the valley.

His cousin Jaleph was scarcely inferior to him in manly sports. They had grown up together, and loved each other like brothers. Arnette was dark—Jaleph fair. Arnette's black clustering locks were like the raven's wing; Jaleph's shone like the golden sunshine on the sea. Arnette's dark eyes flashed out their fires under his deep brows: Jaleph's reflected the hues of the cerulean heavens.

Both were brave, and strong, and heroic. If Arnette had more strength and dignity, Jaleph had more skill and grace. One was statelier in his walk; the other more a rial in the dance.

Both loved Tamar. In a thousand ways each told his love. Arnette presented her with a georgeous plume of the bird of paradise. Jaleph wove for her a garland of matchless beauty, made of shells and flowers. Arnette trained for her a horse fleet as the antelope. Jaleph learned to play the melodies which filled her innocent slumber with enchanting dreams.

So beloved, Tamar was very happy. No one could tell which swain she favored.—Had each one been her brother, she could not have been more kind. The aged people, who loved all their children, looked on and shook their heads; for they saw this must end, and they feared it might end in sorrow.

The time came when Tamar also saw and felt that the noble cousins loved her with more than brotherly love. Arnette, the more impetuous, first declared his passion.

"Tamar," he said, "beautiful Tamar, I love thee!"

"Dear Arnette!" breathed from the open heart of the innocent maiden.

"Wilt thou be mine?"

Her lovely face, which had been radiant with happiness, was clouded now with doubt and perplexity. Arnette saw, and asked again, in deep, subdued tones, "O beautiful one! wilt thou be mine?"

The queenly girl covered her face with her hands, and burst into tears.

Jaleph, that moment came upon them, holding in his hand an offering of flowers.—He stopped a moment in surprise at the dark brow of Arnette, and the tearful distress of his beloved Tamar. He grew pale, as his heart told him the decisive hour had come.

With the frankness that belonged to the age of heroic innocence—before centuries of selfishness, rapacity, poverty, and crime had marred the bodies and deformed the souls of men—he held out one hand to his rival, and the other to the beautiful one they both adored.

"I, too, love you, beautiful Tamar!" said the youth with the blue eyes and golden hair. "God of our fathers, witness my deep love! here we stand! Choose between us!"

A pang shot through the heart of each; but they stood, each nobly resigned to the fate that awaited him.

Tamar looked on each. So long had she loved both, with the pure love of saintly maidenhood, that the deeper love now proffered only perplexed and distressed her. How could she take herself from either? How hurt one, when both were so dear?

"Arnette! Jaleph! why ask to choose? Are we not happy? So let us remain."

The young men looked in each other's saddened eyes, and each one felt that it could be so no longer. The happy time had passed.

As the group stood, hand-in-hand, in the glow of sunset, the mother of Tamar came, in her sweet, matronly dignity, to greet them.

"What is this, my children?" she asked, in alarm, as she saw their sorrowful faces and her daughter's falling tears.

"Dear mother!" cried Tamar, "how can I choose between those I love?"

The mother smiled; but the smile was not free from sadness.

"My daughter," she replied, "there must be one whom we love above all others."

"Mother! mother!" said the poor girl, as she buried her face in her bosom; "both have been so kind, so noble, so loving to me all my life, how can I hurt one, or the other?"

Again the sad smile.

"Come with me, my daughter; you, my children, go. In seven days Tamar shall answer you."

They kissed the mother's hand held out to them. They looked tenderly at the weeping girl, and walked away, hand-in-hand. There was no rancor or jealousy in their noble hearts. It is true that each one felt that the happiness of his life was at stake. To fight for the possession of the object of their love, however, was a mode of settling their rival pretensions left to the darkness and ferocity of succeeding ages, when the earth should be stained with crime and blood.

Arnette and Jaleph were together; as ever in their light labors and their manly pastimes. Two days had passed, and they were swimming in the river. Whether exhausted by exercise, or weakened by emotion Jaleph could not swim with his usual strength.—Soon his golden locks were seen to sink beneath the waves. His sinewy arms grew powerless. A cry from the shore alarmed Arnette. He looked for his cousin, and the next moment plunged beneath the surface. In a few moments he bore him to the shore, where he soon recovered.

Again, they were hunting the leopard in the mountains. Jaleph fell, and the wild beast sprang upon him. The lance of Arnette pierced the fierce animal's heart, and saved his rival from death.

The seventh day approached. Neither had spoken to Tamar. They had but seen her at a distance. Each had refrained from every offering or sign of love. Their loyal hearts would not permit them to take advantage of each other.

On the eve of the seventh day they met in the assembly that gathered to prepare the morrow's festival.

Tamar had decided. Her heart, questioned in solitude, declared for the golden haired musician. But her love and pity for Arnette, her appreciation of his noble qualities, and her thankfulness to him for twice saving the life of her chosen one, made her look at him with such a glow of admiration and gratitude, that Jaleph's heart sank within him. He went forth and wept.

It seemed plain to him that the question of his life was decided. He would not wait for the morrow. Revealing his plan to one faithful friend, he went forth in the darkness, and bade adieu to the happy valley.

When the morrow came, Arnette repaired to the lovely cottage of Tamar. She was pale, but more than ever beautiful. As she saw Arnette, she looked round anxiously for his cousin. She grew paler as he came not, and was nowhere to be seen. It was the appointed hour. Arnette, too, looked round, with visible concern.

"Arnette," said the mother, "my daughter has decided. She will give her hand to him her heart has chosen. But where is Jaleph?"

"I know not!"

"You know not? He should be here! What has become of him? Where is he?"

"Alas! I know not!" said the heroic youth, grieved to the heart with the suspicion which these quick questions conveyed.

"Mother!" cried the pale and trembling girl, "be not unjust to Arnette. Twice has he saved the life of Jaleph since we last met."

The confidant of Jaleph came, and whispered Tamar that her lover had gone. The roses that had left her cheeks now fled from lips; she sank faluting on the flowery sod.

"What is all this?" cried Arnette.

He was told that Jaleph had fled, and why. And he knew, all too well, that he who had fled from his fate despairingly was the chosen love of the beautiful Tamar, now lying in her mother's arms.

Arnette knelt down by her side, pressed his lips upon her lovely forehead, and said to her mother, "I will bring him to her, or never see her more."

In a week from that day, the brave Arnette led his cousin to the cottage of Tamar, and, placing their hands together, said, "take him, Tamar; he is thine! He fled, that I might be happy; I have found him, that thou mayst be happy with him thou lovest. Let me be brother of both."

The arms of both were twined around him. Who shall say that he is less happy in his generous sacrifice than they in their mutual love?

The Golden Age lives in dim traditions and poetic dreams. It lives, also, in every heart that is generous and noble. He who can love without selfishness is a hero of the Golden Age.

Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS.

E. W. CARPENTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin. Office, No 5 Kneeland's Block. aug11'60dly

D. E. CAMERON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ARCADE BUILDING,

171 1-2 East Water Street.

jy22'60-d3m

A. HENRY BIELFELD,

CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC, No. 220 Market Square, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

CARLOS GLIDDEN.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in Van Cott's building, corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, third floor. Jan23d5My

A. H. PARRISH. A. ROSENTHAL.

PARRISH & ROSENTHAL,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, NO. 1 KNEELAND'S BLOCK, 275 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wis. dec31d1ftdly

CARY & PRATT,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS. OFFICE IN "LAW BUILDINGS," NO. 21 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wis. JOHN W. CARY. [jy18'60d3m] WALLACE PRATT.

UPHAM & GRAHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY. New Post Office Building, second floor. apr14dly

JAMES H. DODGE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law. Particular attention given to the collection of Debts throughout the State. Office No. 4 Mitchell's Block, Milwaukee, Wis. feb25d3mdly

WELLS & BRIGHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin. Office in Law Buildings, Wisconsin Street.

CHAS. K. WELLS. jel5 JEROME R. BRIGHAM.

Emmons, Van Dyke & Hamilton.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office—291 East Water Street, corner of Wisconsin Street, in Starkey's Block. aug28'57

LITHOGRAPHERS.

LOUIS LIPMAN

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHER, OVER the Marine Bank, 216 East Water Street, Milwaukee, is prepared to execute all orders in his line, such as Notes, Bank Checks, Drafts, Bonds, Stock Certificates, Show Cards, &c., &c. ☞ Particular attention paid to getting up Rail Road Maps, Bond &c. my13'60d3dly

PHYSICIANS.

J. S. DOUGLAS, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST, HOUSE AND OFFICE No. 92 Wisconsin street, S. W. Corner of Van Buren street. nov12d3m6dlyawlm

PACKERS, &C.

JOHN PLANKINTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SOAP AND CANDLES, West Water Street, near the M. & M. R. R. depot, Milwaukee.

HOTELS.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

Market Square, - - - Milwaukee,

D. UPMAN, PROPRIETOR.

THE ST. CHARLES, FORMERLY THE Wetstein Hotel, on Market Square, Milwaukee, has been put in complete repair, provided with new furniture throughout; and is now ready for the reception of guests. Accomodations first rate, and terms moderate. The situation is among the most pleasant and central in the city.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

P. KANE & SON, PROPRIETORS, Spring Street, Milwaukee, Wis. jy18'57dly.

PAINTERS.

SAMUEL M. BROOKS

PORTRAIT AND LANDSCAPE PAINTER. Studio, Corner of East Water and Wisconsin Street, over Van Cott's. dec14'57d1y.

MUSIC.

INSTRUCTIONS IN SINGING AND COMPOSITION.

TERMS: PER QUARTER OF THIRteen weeks, twice a week, $20.00; Per quarter of thirteen weeks, once a week, $11.00. Orders may be left at Mr. Hempstead's Music Store, at the office of G. Von Deutsch, and with the subscriber, No. 337 Third Street, opposite the Lutheran St. R. R. Depot.

dec11dly E. SOBOLEWSKI.

Watches and Jewelry.

A. B. VAN COTT.

BEST RAILROAD TIME-KEEPERS

OF THE BEST ENGLISH, SWISS AND American manufacture, in Gold and Silver cases. Great variety of all kinds of Silver and Plated Ware, and new rich Jewelry of every style and description.

Watch Materials, &c.

Corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jy29.

Twenty Dollars a Day!!

IS CONFIDENTLY EXPECTED TO BE realized by persons going to Pike's Peak; but please *remember*, that we are the *only* parties in the *State* who keep the *True Time by Transit Observation*. We are selling the *Finest Watches in the World*; that don't vary *thirty seconds a month*; *Beautiful Jewelry*; *Fine Solid Silver and Silver Plated* Table Ware, received every week. Some *splendid pictures* just received, which we are selling at a *low figure*. Particular attention paid to *Watch and Jewelry Repairings and Engraving* by the *best* workmen.

jy2 MATSON & LOOMIS.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

ALL WHO HAVE ANY GOODS, OR any Furniture to sell at auction, or private sale, remember that I am on hand for either, and will do my best. CALEB WALL,

jy27 City Auctioneer.

New York Advertisements.

From S. M. Pettingill's Agency.

St. Nicholas Hotel,

BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

WHEN COMPLETED, SIX YEARS ago, the St. Nicholas was universally pronounced the most magnificent, convenient and thoroughly organized establishment of the kind on this continent. What it was then, it remains today—without a rival in sumptuousness, and in the convenient elements of comfort and enjoyment. The Hotel has accommodations for 1,000 guests, including 300 complete suites of apartments for families. Six hundred persons can be comfortably seated at the tables of its three public dining rooms, and nothing that modern science has devised for the convenience and social gratification of the travelling public has been omitted in its plan, or is neglected in its practical details. The early reputation of the house at home and abroad derived from its magnificent, its superb appointments, and its homelike comforts and luxuries, has been unabated by every year by the unwearied exertions of the proprietors.

je17'56d3mo THEADWELL, WHITCOMB & CO.

GET THE BEST

THOMSON'S CELEBRATED

SKIRTS

Novelties for autumn, 1860.

THE EUGENIE PARIS GORE.
CONSTITUTION.
SOUTHERN QUEEN.
FAIRY.
PARISIAN TRAIN.
ZEPHYR.

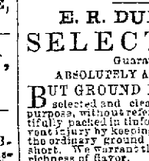
Remodelled from the latest Parisian designs, manufactured solely by us from Thomson's patent Improved Corrugated Springs & Unbreakable Wedge Slide. Every Skirt stamped with our name & trade mark the crown & globe everywhere. The best is the cheapest.

W. S. & C. H. THOMSON & CO.
336 Broadway, New York.

1 y 2 3 d 90 2 m o - 1 4 t h 2 8 s a w - 2 d m h o w

SOYER'S SULTANA'S SAUCE.

For Hot and Cold Dishes of all Kinds.



THIS MOST DELICIOUS and appetising Sauce, invented by the renowned SOYER, for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by his well known partners, Messrs CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, from the original recipe in the style of the Reform Club, and sold on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American Epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid in digestion.

Opinions of the London Press.

"We recommend our correspondent to try MONS. SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled the 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is quite worthy of the Turkish realm—it is delicious, excellent, and it affords considerable aid in cases of SLOW AND WEAK DIGESTION."—*The Lancet.*

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—*Atlas.*

Sole Agents for the United States.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London st., New York, and BRAY & HAYES, 36 Cornhill, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers, everywhere. jeu17'60dlmeodly

Roger's Citrate of Magnesia in Powder

THE BEST ALTERATIVE IN THE WORLD for cooling the blood, sick headache, bilious affections, sickness of the stomach, and all complaints incident to the spring and summer seasons. It affords IMMEDIATE RELIEF after eating or drinking too freely—superior to SARATOGA WATERS as a cooling drink, and one bottle is equal to three (in the quickest properties) to the Liquid Citrate of Magnesia. Selling rapidly. MILLIONS OF BOTTLES SOLD ANNUALLY. For sale by J. M. ALCOTT and most Druggists. Price 25 cents. Manufactory 183 Spring St., New York.

☞ ASK FOR ROGER'S AND USE NO OTHER.

je17'60d3mo

Hughes, Dupuy & Crehange,

IMPORTERS OF FANCY GOODS,

241 Broadway, New York, 241,

OFFER TO THE TRADE A LARGE, fresh, and well-selected assortment of PARIS FANCY GOODS, to which they will receive large additions, by Steamers, during the season. Among their stock may be found nearly all the new styles and fashions of Silk Braid Cords, Hair Nets and Bonnet Frames, Fancy Hair Pins, Combs and Ornaments, Slides, Belt Buckles and Clasps, Gilt, &c. Silk Watch Guards, Fine Pocket Books, Shawl Plaid Brushes, Garters, Dress Buttons, Fancy Rolls, Steel and Gilt Jewelry, Busson's Accordeons, &c., &c., all of which they offer to the Trade at the lowest market prices and on the most liberal terms.

jy31'60d3mo

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS

E. R. DURKEE & CO.'S

SELECT SPICES.

Guaranteed not only

ABSOLUTELY AND PERFECTLY PURE,

BUT GROUND FROM FRESH SPICES;

selected and cleaned by us expressly for the purpose, without reference to cost. They are beautifully packed in tin foil, (lined with paper,) and in wood cases for shipping, and are full weight, while the ordinary ground Spices are almost invariably short. We warrant them, in point of strength, and richness of flavor,

BEYOND ALL COMPARISON,

as a single trial will abundantly prove.

Manufactured only by

E. R. DURKEE & CO.,
181 Pearl Street, New York

From W. H. McDonald's Agency.

Richardson's Irish Linens. Damasks,

DIAPERS, &C.—CONSUMERS OF RICHardson's LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm, "R. S. RICHARDSON, SON & OWDEN," as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.

Calicoshaving been rendered essentially necessary, as large quantities of inferior and defective linens are prepared, season after season, and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON, by Irish Houses, regarding of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumer and the manufacturers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.

For sale by BULLOCK & J. T. DOYLE, Agents, 26 Church Street, New York.

sep8'57d1y

Saddlery Hardware, &c.

1860. MILWAUKEE, WIS. 1860.

136 East Water Street.

GEO. DYER & CO.,

HAVE NOW IN STORE A

A COMPLETE & WELL ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Carriage Trimmings, Saddles,

SADDLERY HARDWARE,
WHIPS
COLLARS,
FLY NETS,
PATENT & ENAMELED CLOTHS,
AND LEATHERS,
HUBS,
SPOKES
FELLOES,
SHAFTS, &C.

ONE OF THE FIRM RESIDING IN the East, is constantly in the market, and we are daily receiving direct from the manufacturers, the latest and best styles of goods, and are enabled at all times to offer dealers goods at the bottom of the market with the largest and most complete stock in the West to select from.

GEO. DYER, 136 East Water st.

jel3'60dawly

COACH & SADDLERY HARDWARE

148 East Water Street.

WE HAVE NOW NOW IN STORE A very large and complete assortment of

Coach and Saddlery Hardware,

To which we would invite the attention of purchasers. In the stock can be found every article required by the trade, consisting in part of

Common and Fancy Hames;
Patent Gig and Self-Adjusting Trees;
Collars of every variety;
Patent and Enameled Leather;
Damasks, Laces, Silks, Fringes, &c.;
Coach and Buggy Lamps;
Springs, Axles and Malleable Iron;
Spokes, Hubs, Fellocs, Shafts, Bows, &c.

As we confine ourselves exclusively to the sale of Carriage and Saddlery Hardware, and receive our Goods Direct from first hands, we are enabled to offer inducements to the trade and to the manufacturer unsurpassed by any other house in the West.

A call is respectfully solicited at

148 East Water Street.

ov2d'57d1y BARNES BROTHERS.

Wisconsin State

Mercantile College

Juneau Block, East Water Street.

THIS INSTITUTION OFFERS TO young men great facilities for the acquisition of a complete PRACTICAL and MODERN business Education, embracing Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods, Grocery, Commission, Steamboating, &c., &c., all the Book-Keeping systems written and taught by Book-keepers and in every respect Practical. The Teachers being practical Accountants, the student is sure to be taught in the most thorough, expeditious and satisfactory manner; and cannot obtain a diploma until he has taken a thorough course and can pass the necessary examination.

PENMANSHIP,

Practical and Ornamental, in all its forms, by L. S. CHARLETT, whose success the proprietor has noticed, and invites his patrons and friends to call and examine Mr. CHARLETT'S Specimens of Penmanship, which almost daily receive the most complete attention is paid to the form of business letters, Documents, Bills of Exchange, Due Bills, Orders, &c.

Many young men after completing their course obtain good situations. Merchants supply here for first class help.

The proprietor will furnish rooms for Student with or without board. Apply for Catalogues.

jan18'60dawly C. P. LARKIN, President.

HANDSOME WOMEN.

HUNT'S "BLOOM OF ROSES," A rich and elegant color for the cheeks or lips.—IT WILL NOT WASH OR RUB OFF, and when once applied, remains durable for years. The tint is so rich and natural that the closest scrutiny fails to detect its use. Can be removed by cold cream, and will not injure the skin. This is a new preparation, used by the celebrated Court Beauties of London and Paris. Mailed free, in bottles, with directions for use, for $1.

HUNT'S "COURT TOILET POWDER," imparts a dazzling whiteness to the complexion, soft, delicate, and natural;—is unlike anything else used for this purpose, and WILL NOT RUB OFF. Mailed free for 50 cents in postage stamps. Can be obtained only of HUNT & CO., Perfumers, 707 Sansom street, Philadelphia. Agents wanted.

Chicago Advertisements.

From S. F. Rounds' Agency.

☞ ROUNDS & LANDON, *Advertising Agents*, 125 *Randolph Street, are authorized to receive Advertisements at the rates at the Leading Papers of the North-west, and are the* ONLY and EXCLUSIVELY *authorized Agents in the North-west for a majority of them.* feb28'60d3m

FAY & CO'S

MACHINERY DEPOT

CHICAGO — ILLINOIS

HAVE THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT of

Stationary Steam Engines & Boilers

Portable Steam Engines,
Sash and Moulding Machines,
Woodworth Planing Machines, with and without matching,
Doane's Patent Re-Sawing Machines,
do Stave and Barrel Machinery,
do Heading Lathe and Jointers,
do Shingle Machines.

Sole Agents for the sale of DEPOE'S celebrated

Dutch Anker Brand Bolting Cloths.

A large stock constantly on hand; also,

HART & MUNSON'S PATENT
FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS,
LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING,
LACING, PACKING, &C., &C.,

At the very lowest Cash Prices.

W. H. DOANE, Agent,
183 Clark street, Chicago.

Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory.

NEW YORK AND CHICAGO.

HART, ASTEN & CO.,

157 SOUTH WATER STREET, CHICAGO,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

BAGS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!

MILLERS' AND GROCERS' BAGS, Made and painted to order, with beautiful and appropriate brands. New and second-hand Seamless Grain and Gunny Bags, for Shippers', Millers' and Farmers' use. Bags for Flour, Buckwheat, Feed, Hams, Seeds, &c., &c.

☞ Orders filled with fidelity and despatch.

jy4'60d3m&wly

Liquors and Segars.

HELMHOLZ & LEIDERSDORF,

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Tobacco, Segars and Pipes!

NO. 240 EAST WATER ST.,

Market Square, Milwaukee, Wis.

H. HELMHOLZ. [aug29'60dly] H. LEIDERSDORF

L. LYON'S

Pure Ohio Catawba Brandy!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN DULY appointed the only and sole agent for this truly

PURE MEDICINAL BRANDY

For the City of Milwaukee. This Brandy has been thoroughly analyzed by the N. Y. State Assayer, Dr. A. A. Hayes, Chemist, and Prof. Upman Shepard, Chemist, of Amherst, Mass.; Dr. Chilton, New York; Prof. Pratt, of Savannah; Prof. Lamont, J. R. Nichols, of Boston; and Dr. Cox, of Cincinnati; and they concur and unite to say that it is a pure, and an excellent stimulant in all cases where pure Brandies are indicated.

The medical testimony of this fine Brandy guarantees *for still it will find the answer*), that it will cure

CHOLERA INFANTUM,
SUMMER COMPLAINT WITH CHILDREN,
DIARRHŒA,
BOWEL COMPLAINT,

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Arrival of the City of Baltimore.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Aug. 23

The steamer City of Baltimore was boarded by the news yacht of the associated press, and a summary of her news obtained. The news by the steamer is of no great importance.

Fifteen hundred English are to be landed in Syria from the fleet. Eighteen hundred more had landed in Calabria.

Garibaldi is reported to have been at Naples to confer with the revolutionary leaders.

Naples had been proclaimed in a state of seige.

Reports says Austria will renounce the treaty of Villa-Franca, and actively oppose Garibaldi in Naples.

The City of Baltimore has 500 passengers.

In the Liverpool cotton market the sales of Monday were 25,000 bales. Market closed firm.

Breadstuffs firm, and wheat and corn slightly higher. Provisions dull. Consols 93@93 1-8 for money.

—Liverpool 16th—Latest via Queenstown—Sales of cotton yesterday 12,000 bales. Market buoyant and 1-8 higher.

Breadstuffs steady. Provisions dull.

Movements of the Prince.

MONTREAL, Aug. 25.—3 P. M.

The Prince of Wales left Three Rivers at 7 o'clock this morning, and will be here at 3 P. M. Weather stormy. It is feared that the programme of to-day will be sadly interfered with.

Medical Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—3 P. M.

Surgeon Wheaton, Chief of the Medical Bureau, has been ordered on a tour of inspection, and will visit the Naval Hospital and sick quarters between Norfolk and Portsmouth.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Additional by the City of Baltimore.

ST. JOHNS, Aug. 24—9 P. M.

There is no new movement reported in Syria.

The English commissioners took out authority for 1,500 marines to be landed.

Garibaldi had been at Naples to confer with the revolutionary party.

The Neapolitans claim to have repelled an attempted landing of the Garibaldians near Reggio and Caudritell.

The court party at Naples were demanding a proclamation of a state of sige, but the government resisted it.

I was reported that if Garibaldi lands in Naples, Gen. Lamorricierre will cross the Roman frontier under a promise of support from Austria, and that Austria will renounce the obligation of Villafranca and attack Garibaldi.

AUSTRIA.—Was assuming a threatening attitude, and there were rumors of an approaching manifesto on the Emperor's Birth-Day, declaring a release from the Villafranca treaty, and uttering threats against Piedmont. Austria had already demanded explanations from Piedmont concerning Garibaldi's letter to Victor Emanuel, announcing a projected attack on Venice. There was great activity manifested in the Austrian marine department. A complete understanding between Austria and Prussia is officially announced.

The Emperor of Austria and the King of Bavaria attended a railroad celebration at Salzburgh, and both monarchs made speeches favorable to German unity.

Rumors of an approaching interview between Napoleon and the Queen of Spain were again current.

The Paris Bourse was very dull. Rentes 68f.

The Sardinian loan closed with subscriptions to the amount of three times the sum needed.

There was a rumor that Sardinia proposed to send a corps de armee to Naples, to prevent complications from Garibaldi's landing there.

The Empress of Russia is enciente.

The Princess Danilo of Montenegro was shot by a Montenegrian refugee, and died shortly afterwards.

Details of Calcutta news to July 5th and Hong Kong, to July 23d, are unimportant. The Sloop-of war John Adams, was at Woochow and the steamers Hartford and Saginaw, at Shanghai. Additional failures have occurred in the English leather trade. The announcement includes Messrs. Poolepie, Bootmakers of Northampton for £200,000, and Edmund Buidellot, John Dales, woolen manufactures, had also failed for a large amount. There were other failures for smaller sums.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.—LONDON, Aug. 16.—Naples has been proclaimed in a state of siege.

New York Matters.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23—9 P. M.

Counterfeit fives are out on the Capital Bank of Albany; also on the Marine Bank, of this city.

The heavy rain Thursday morning did considerable damage in undermining new buildings, overflowing cellars, and washing away roads.

A Washington despatch says the government are determined to concentrate a strong naval force at some point on the Gulf. The frigate Susquehanna leaves to-day. The Powhattan leaves Philadelphia soon. Orders are also sent to the frigate Sabine, at Aspinwall, and the St. Louis, at Pensacola.

A despatch from Arkansas says that Rector, independent candidate for Governor, was elected by 3,000 majority.

Depyster Ogden, American, declines being a candidate on the Douglas electoral ticket of New York, unless with a distinct understanding that he may vote for Bell and Everett.

An explosion of gas occurred yesterday in a tenant house on 29th street, shattering the building badly, and injuring six inmates.

Frank Ward, formerly a banker at San Francisco, is arrested on the charge of forgery, in connection with Capt. Sweeney.

The *Actiatic* and *Edinburgh* sail for Liver pool to morrow. They take $1,500,000 in specie.

California papers, by the Ariel, report that the will of the late Senator Broderick has been declared a forgery by experts.

The captain and mate of the alleged slaver, Thomas Achorn, were discharged today.

The Hudson River R. R. Co. are about to erect a spendid depot on Broadway, near the Battery.

Gerardus Clark, an eminent member of the New York Bar, died last night.

A complimentary dinner was given to-day to Mr Martin, in honor of his voyage from Boston to this city, in a small boat.

Later from California.

ST. JOSEPH, August 24—9 P. M.

The Pony Express, with San Francisco dates to the 11th inst., arrived here last night.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.

The various county democratic committees throughout the State have been holding meetings, and have divided into Douglas and Breckinridge wings, each convention calling separate county conventions, to elect delegates to one or the other of the Democratic State Electoral Convention.

All these county committees were composed last year of administration democrats. They now average about an equal number of Douglas and Breckinridge men. This is a favorable indication of the Douglas strength in the State, as the anti-Lecompton majority of the party composed last year almost entirely of Douglas men, was not represented in any of the county committees.

It was understood that the sixteen State Senators who hold over and will not vote for U. S. Senator next winter are about equally divided.

The Eldorado County Democratic Convention have had two meetings, and stood five for Breckinridge, four for Douglas and three on the fence. The Breckinridge men have called a convention for 2d of September, and the balance of the convention adjourned till to-day without taking any action.

Thirty-seven democrats who supported the administration candidates last year, have published a long address to the democrats of that county, (Nevada,) urging them to support Douglas and Johnson. The list is headed by John R. McConnell.

The Touloune County Democratic Central Committee met at Sonora, on the 9th inst. Eight members were present, and one proxy, and they stood 5 for Breckinridge, and 4 for Douglas, and being unable to agree, they separated, the Breckinridge men called a convention; at Sonora, for Sept. 1st, and the Douglas branch, on the 4th inst.

The San Jose *Reporter*, after putting up the Breckinridge and Lane flag, has pulled it down.

A fire occurred at Grass Valley on the 9th destroying 37 buildings; loss $35,000. The patronage of Poney Express is greatly increasing.

Large Republican Gathering.

RICHMOND, IND., Aug. 24—9 P. M.

The Republican meeting here to-day was attended by from 10,000 to 15,000 people.—Gov. Chase, Judge Martin and Judge Carty of Ohio, spoke. Five to six hundred Wide-Awakes will be in procession this evening.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 24.—9 P. M.

Senator Douglas arrived at one o'clock to-day. He was received by a Committee and escorted to a hotel.

The Prince of Wales.

MONTREAL, Aug. 24—9 P. M.

Three Rivers was brilliantly illuminated last night. The members of the legislature arrived at 10 o'clock to-night, attending the Prince to Montreal. The Prince was greeted at various points along the river. A number of steamers gaily decorated met the Prince on the river. He reached Montreal at 3:30 P. M. A salute of royal artillery was fired. In consequence of the rain the landing of the Prince was postponed till 10 o'clock to-morrow. About 40,000 people were disappointed in not seeing the Prince land.

Fire at Oswego.

OSWEGO, Aug. 24—9 P. M.

A fire last night destroyed the work shop and planing mill of Jesse King and others. Loss $2000, insured for $1000. Woodruff, carpenter and joiner, loss $2000, insured for $700. Workmen and others, 2000 to $4000, no insurance.

The fire communicated to the building occupied by the Oswego Knitting Company, which was mainly saved, but the machinery and stock was badly damaged by the water. Loss about $5000, insured. Loss on buildings opened by George Ames, about $4,500, insured.

Withdrawal of Gov. Banks.

BOSTON, Aug. 24—9 P. M.

A rumor apparently well founded, states that Gov. Banks has accepted the Presidency of the Illinois Central railroad, and that in consequence he will decline the re-nomination for Governor of Massachusetts.

LATER.

The withdrawal of Gov. Banks is confirmed—the announcement was unexpected by the Republicans and an animated canvass for his successor has already commenced.—H. H. Rice, Juo. A. Andrews, Geo. S. Bowtwell, and others were mentioned.

Nominations.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24—9 P. M.

The Democratic Congressional Convention for the first district of Illinois, held at Rockford to day, nominated Z. A. C. Beard for Congress.

ROCKLAND, Me, Aug. 24—9 P. M.

The Democrats of the 2d district to-day nominated A. W. Johnson for Congress and E. S. Smith for Presidential Elector.

THE LATE ELOPEMENT—MR. P. OFF AGAIN.—The venerable and amorous old gentleman who eloped with his adopted daughter and was brought back again by his wife, is off again. He disappeared yesterday morning, whether with or without the knowledge and consent of his much better half, is not stated. But before he went he gave Mrs P. $200, and she expresses herself content to let him go, and will not trouble herself any more about him. He is therefore at liberty to join his beloved Lottie, and they will have about $700 to start in life together with. Miss Lottie was taken in custody by the Philadelphia police after the discovery at the Walnut Street House, and was detained over the next day, but there being no charge laid against her she was liberated. No doubt these precious turtle doves will find their way into each other's arms.—*Brooklyn News*, 20th.

Books and Stationery.

NEW BOOKS!

JUST RECEIVED BY

STRICKLAND & CO.,

TRAVELS AND RESEARCHES IN Eastern Africa, during a residence of eighteen years, by the Rev. Dr. J. Lewis Krapf.....$1.25
The Old Helmet, by Miss Cummins.....1.25
The Sand Hills of Jutland; by Hans Christian Andersen.....75
The Still Hour, or Communion with God; by Austin Phelps.....
Memorials of Thomas Hood. 2 vols, with a preface and memoir by his son.....1.75
A Journey in the Back Country; by Frederic Law Olmsted.....1.25
The Woodhouse Correspondence, the Papers of Success; by Capt. Mayne Reid.....1.25
Wild Life, or Adventures on the Frontier by Capt. Mayne Reid.....1.25
Hawkseley; by Holme Lee, author of "Against Wind and Tide," &c.....1.00
The Life and Speeches of Lincoln and Hamlin, illustrated.....1.00
The Mount Vernon Papers; by Edward Everett.....1.25
The Young Farmer's Manual; detailing the manipulations of the Farm in a plain and intelligible manner; embracing, also, the Young Farmer's Calendar.....1.2
Richest at Last, and other Tales; by Mrs. Gaskell, author of Mary Barton, North and South, &c.
Lovers' Quarrels; by W. M. Thackeray.....75
Mysteries of the Three Cities; by J. H. Buganne.....25
The Pentateuch; Translated from the Vulgate, and collantly compared with the original text, being a revised edition of the Douay version, with notes critical and explanatory; by Francis Patrick Kenrick.....50

The Widower's Stratagem;

OR,

A CIRCLE WITHIN A CIRCLE.

A DRAMA, BY MARGARET C. CONKLIN, of Racine, Wis. Price 25 cents. For sale by STRICKLAND & CO., aug17 128 East Water street.

H. C. BRADLEY & CO.,

Successors to Chase & Bradley,

Rag and Paper Dealers,

WAREHOUSE, NO. 3 REES' BLOCK,

Counting Room, No. 1 Wisconsin St.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

feb15d1y225

The 7th Volume

—OF—

THE WISCONSIN REPORTS,

CAN BE FOUND AT

S. C. WEST'S.

ALSO THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF Law Blanks, Blank Books, Stationery, &c.—Lowest prices as well as all.

My stock of WALL PAPER is the

Largest in the City.

S. C. WEST,

dec21j1229d1y 163 East Water st., Milwaukie.

H. NIEDECKEN & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

STATIONERS,

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS

RULERS AND BINDERS.

BINDERS STOCK, PRINTING INK, AND Flat papers, always on hand in large quantities. Antique binding in the neatest style. No. 219 East Water street, Kneeland's Block, Milwaukee. apl6x230d1y

HUMBOLDT PAPER MILL.

REMOVAL.

WE HAVE REMOVED OUR STORE from No. 243 East Water street, on Market Square, to

217 EAST WATER STREET,

between Mason and Wisconsin sts., nearly opposite the Farmers & Warehouses of Wm. Hertzheim & Co., and six doors north of the Milwaukee Sentinel Office. We shall be most happy to see our friends and customers at our new store, where they will find a general assortment of everything in the line of

PRINTING, WRAPPING.

Letter Cap and Note Papers;

CARDS, CARD BOARDS, AND PLAYING CARDS;

PRINTING INKS, TWINE, &c.

☞ We are now paying an advanced price for clean Linen and Cotton Paper Rags.

aug22 NOONAN & McNAB.

HANFORD, BLACKMARR & CO.,

PAPER DEALERS,

NO. 8 WISCONSIN STREET,

MILWAUKEE.....[jan28d3m]dly).....WISCONSIN.

H. W. GEORGE,

FAMILY GROCER,

No. 31 Wisconsin St.,

YOUNG'S BLOCK,

IS NOW SUPPLIED FROM THE EAST, direct, and keeps constantly on hand everything belonging to a

First - Class Family Grocery!

Also, a stock of

WOOD & WILLOW WARE

CHILDRENS' CABS,

VELIOPEDES,

HOBBIES, &C.,

And has perfected arrangements at Cincinnati and Southern Michigan, which will enable him to supply his customers with

Strawberries,

Green Peas,

Green Beans,

Green Corn,

New Potatoes,

&c., as early as they appear in those markets.

march 30d3m

161 East Water street.

CLARET.—50 CASES VERY CHOICE Table Claret, selling at $3,50 per case.

AT LEDYARD'S.

RASPBERRY JAM.

50 JARS RASPBERRY JAM FROM Sugar Island, Lake Superior, just received and for sale by W. LEDYARD, Grocer and Wine Dealer, 161 East Water st.

CHAMPAGNES.—100 CASES CHOICE E. P. brands, for sale low. AT LEDYARD'S.

BRANDIES.—JAMES HENNESSY'S; Rinet Castillon & Co.; Arbann Mauri; Thos. Hine & Co.—all choice Vintages; for sale in quantities to suit. AT LEDYARD'S.

SHERRY, PORT & MADEIRA WINES, Old Jamaica Rum, St. Croix Rum, Bourbon and Rye Whiskey, &c., in quantities to suit. AT LEDYARD'S.

NEW PINE APPLE CHEESE, VERY choice. AT LEDYARD'S.

RAISINS IN LAYERS, HALVES AND Quarter Boxes, a choice lot just received AT LEDYARD'S.

CANTON GINGER, AND CANTON Chow-Chow Preserves, just received and for sale cheap AT LEDYARD'S.

COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

FRIDAY P. M., August 24, 1860.

The money market remains steady and unchanged. There is no lack of currency to meet all legitimate business demands. Eastern Exchange is selling at ¼ of 1 ₰ cent premium.

NEW YORK MONEY MATTERS.—We have the following by telegraph from New York to-day, in reference to money and stocks:

Stocks active and better at the board, but since the board they fell off. C & R I 53¾; C B & Q 90; C & T 49; G & G 62¾; C C & C 94½; I C scrip 59; M & M 15¾; M S 33¾; Pan 126; M C 73½; Read 47; Hudson 58¾; P Mail 79¾; Harl 19; L & C & M 13½; T & W 12; I C bds 95½. At second board: C & R I 58¾; M & M 15; C B & Q 90; C & T 48¾; I C scrip 58¾; G & C 81¾; M S 33¾; L & C & Mil 13½; M C 72¾; Erie 29¾; N Y C 85¾; R 80; Pac Mail 79¾; I C bonds 96; Tenn 6s 90½ Mo 81½.

COMMERCIAL

FRIDAY P. M., August 24, 1860.

The principal receipts to-day are embraced in the following statement:

RECEIPTS FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

By Rail.		By Lake.	
Flour, bbls	801	Malt, pkgs	468
Highwines, bbls	60	do teas	4
Sugar, bbls	93	Sugar, bbls	108
Apples, bbls	27	Apples, bbls	209
Tobacco, bbls	10	Tobacco, bbls	5
Eggs, do	3	Salt, bbls	1,500
Wheat, bus	25,510	Fruit, pkgs	141
Oats, bus	322	Rags, bales	10
Rye, bus	90	Stock, cases	40
Hides	148	Feather, baskets	4
Butter, lbs	1,270	Fish, bbls	8
Sundries, lbs	46,520	Lumber, feet	197,000
Flax, lbs	5,987	Shingles, No	25,000
Sheep Pelts	193	Hardwood, pkgs	140

EXPORTS BY LAKE.

Wheat, bus	9,032	Flour, bbls	869
Brick, No	30,000	Wool, bales	95

The wheat market opened at an improvement of 1c on shipping grades this morning, under an active demand to fill out some cargoes, and before the close another advance of 1c took place. The sales reported embrace about 20,000 bus at 85@86c for No. 1 spring in store; 86@85c for Club, and 81½@80c for Extra, closing firm at the outside prices. The advance is 2c on all kinds, with a tendency to still higher prices as shippers are in hopes of a material reduction in freights. The improvement to-day, however, was based altogether on a similar movement in the New York market.

Flour was firmer, but no sales were reported at higher figures, $4,50 being the outside price for country Extras. Coarse grains and other articles were without material change.

Several large grain vessels were in port looking for cargoes, but the rates asked—18@14c for wheat to Buffalo, and 20c to Oswego—not meeting the views of shippers, but one engagement was made, the schooner *Rocket* to Buffalo at 18c. Others could probably have been had at the same rate, but with the present light receipts shippers were generally inclined to hold off, expecting a further decline.

A SUGGESTION.—We commend the annexed suggestion from the Prairie du Chien *Leader* to the attention of our Chamber of Commerce. There is no doubt but that our trade with Iowa would be greatly facilitated by having the wheat from the river inspected before going into the railroad elevator at Prairie du Chien, and thus an additional inducement offered to river dealers to ship to Milwaukee in preference to any other market:

There is considerable discussion with regard to the propriety of having a grain inspector appointed by the Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce to raise here. Undoubtedly those who have a large store on the morning line grow to forward as have the C. M. & M. R. R., should have every facility afforded them.

Those who buy should be enabled to turn their currency as often as possible, as "a nimble penny is better than a slow shilling," and parties at a distance, up and down the river, now for the first time having the advantages of an elevator to ship in bulk offered to them, will have some doubts as to how a car and a half of wheat can be inspected in hurrying time without mixing. The large quantity of grain to be shipped from this point would warrant even a greater concession from the Chamber of Commerce of our business Capitol than the appointment of an inspector, and a reliable and creditable appointment should be made. Not less than five thousand car loads of wheat must be forwarded from this point within the next three months. Look to it, gentlemen!

CHICAGO MARKET, AUGUST 23RD.—The following shows the receipts of flour and grain at Chicago, yesterday, and sources of supply:

	Flour, Wheat, bbls.	bus.	Corn, bus.	Oats, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
Canal	1	18449	14187	....	1200	....
By Lake	270	200	....	169	1769	....
C & A R R.	208	44300	1841	....	....	....
C & R I R R.	550	12000	7000	....	....	....
I C & R	....	25100	18250	1350	1400	250
C H & Q R R.	140	26304	25075	528	....	....
C & N W R R.	471	5488	....	920	....	....
C A & St L.	....	5170	7709	....	100	....
Total	1739	138050	72105	2197	5569	250

In reference to the market the *Press & Tribune* says:

There is a falling off in the receipts of wheat and corn to-day; but the markets were generally active, and a large business was transacted.

The wheat market opened buoyant this morning, and quite a large amount changed hands at an improvement on yesterday's prices. But the advance was not sustained; for towards the close there were large amounts offered and the market broke down—closing at a decline of 1c per bushel. Sales were sold at 90@79c for No. 1 spring; 74@76½c for No. 2 do; and 61@65c for rejected. Winter wheat was in better request and 1@2c better, with sales of No. 1 red at 90@94c, and No. 2 red at 84@85c. Under an active demand for Corn, and a slight stock offering the market was firm, and an advance of 10@12½c took place, with sales of 1,800 bus at 34@4,60 for spring extra; and $6,50 for white winter. Corn opened firm, but closed quiet at a decline of 1c. About 70,000 bushels changed hands, at 34@36c for No. 1, and 33@31c for No. 2 in store. Oats were in better request and 1c better—8,000 bus being sold at 18½c in store. Rye 1@2c lower. Barley quiet. Timothy seed in good supply and tending downwards—sales to-day ranging from $2,10@2,25. Mess pork is more firmly held, and there is a better inquiry—principally for the South. To-day 150 bbls were sold at $15,75.

The disagreement between vessel-owners and shippers still continues, and business is in consequence retarded. Both parties seem equally determined; and although there is a general opinion that the market is easier, still we have only one engagement to report at 12½c for wheat to Buffalo—which is 1½c below yesterday's rates.

CINCINNATI MARKET, AUGUST 23D.—From the *Gazette*:

FLOUR—The market has not changed in any essential particular. The demand is quite moderate. Sale to good brands sell at $4,50@4,90, and extra to extra fancy $4,70@4,75. Common brands would not bring over $4,30. The sales were: 200 barrels Barnet and White Ashes, red wheat, $4,90; 100 do Milford Mills, white wheat, $5,05; 500 do West Hamilton, delivered at Hamilton the first fifteen days of September, red wheat, $4,70; 80 do Southern Ohio, white wheat, $5,05; 150 do Hamilton City, red wheat, $4,65; 150 do Union Mills, red wheat, 4,60.

PROVISIONS—The market was very quiet to-day, and we did not hear of a sale worthy of note. The demand seems to have fallen off. Holders remain firm at 9½, 12 and 12½c for Bacon, 15½@17c for Bulk Meats, and $19,75@20 for Mess Pork.

Boots and Shoes.

Dealers in Boots and Shoes,

THE CELEBRATED COPPER TOE!

WADSWORTH & WELLS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes,

60--LAKE STREET, CHICAGO--60.

WE OWN THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT for the sale of *MITCHELL'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES*, for and within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, and hereby give notice that all parties dealing in these goods within the above States, without having first arranged with and purchased of us, are And will be direct infringers upon our EXCLUSIVE rights, and that as soon as we are advised of any infringement, shall demand proper and immediate redress.

We have made extensive arrangements with the most celebrated manufacturers, with the view to supply the increasing demand with the best qualities of these Tipped Boots and Shoes from our store in Chicago, a part of which will be stamped and labeled with our name.

We shall recognize no Tipped goods within either the above States, but such as have been stamped and supplied by us.

We will warrant in all instances one pair of child's copper tipped shoes to out wear two and oftentimes three or four pairs of equal quality without tips, as has been proven by very many testimonials, while the expense is but a trifle more, making an actual saving to the consumer of near two hundred ₰ cent.

Merchants and dealers in Boots and Shoes within the above States, can also find these Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes, supplied and properly stamped by Wadsworth & Wells, for sale by ATKINS, STERLE & WHITE, and BRADLEY, WEST & CO., Milwaukee. sept22l76d1awly WADSWORTH & WELLS.

CAMPBELL & SONS,

BOOT MAKERS,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the Gentlemen of this City that they have (since the Fire) located at

No. 252 Main Street,

First door north of Young's Block, where the business of manufacturing Gentlemen's Fine Boots and Shoes will be continued by them, it being their intention to conduct their business upon the same fair principles as they have done for the past thirteen years.

Nothing but a first class article will be made, or sold at this establishment.

From the extensive patronage conferred, they are satisfied that it is the only true way of doing business, and is the surest and surest for the consumer. CAMPBELL & SONS.

Furniture and Upholstery.

August Fierztheim & Co.,

CABINET MAKER,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

FINE & COMMON FURNITURE,

UPHOLSTERY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

Oneida Street, North Side,

TWO DOORS EAST OF THE BRIDGE, ap14y265

FURNITURE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED the entire interest of August Fierztheim and Geo. Geo. E. Kimball, in the Firm of

NOYES, FLERTZHEIM & CO.

Will continue the

Furniture and Upholstery

Business in all its branches at the

OLD STAND,

And he hopes, by constant attention to business to merit what has been so liberally bestowed on the old Firm, the patronage of his friends and the public generally. WM. A. NOYES.

oct14l87d1y

COTTON SEINE TWINE.

JUST RECEIVED, A NEW LOT OF Cotton Seine Twine. Also Broom Tying, and a general assortment of Twines, for sale by JOHN NAZRO & CO.

LARD—More active. Sales 500 bbls at 12½@13½c for butchers; 13½ for prime.

BUTTER—Selling at 12@16c for Ohio and 14@26c for State.

CHEESE—Steady at 8@10½ for inferior to prime.

COFFEE—More active.

BUFFALO MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

BUFFALO, Aug. 24—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Demand fair and market steady; sales 14,000 bbls at 4,70@5 for extra Mich; 5@5,20 for extra Indiana and Ohio.

WHEAT—Good demand and market firmer; sales 65,000 bus at 92@95c for No. 2 Chicago spring; 1,09 for winter Ohio; 1,09½ for do Ohio and Mich; 1,12@1,18 for white winter.

CORN—Dull, and no sales.

OATS—Steady. Sales 17,000 bush at 26@27½c.

WHISKEY—Steady; sales 50 bbls at 20c.

CANAL FREIGHTS—4c on flour, 15½c on wheat, and 14½c on corn, to N. Y.

LAKE IMPORTS—4,000 bbls flour, 38,000 bus wheat, 32,000 bus corn.

CANAL EXPORTS—34,000 bus wheat, 6,000 bus corn.

FOREIGN MARKETS

[Per City of Baltimore.]

The weather in England is unsettled.

LIVERPOOL, COTTON MARKET—Sales, Monday and Tuesday, 25,000 bales, of which 9,000 were taken by speculators and exporters. Market closing firm and active, and prices were partially 1 1-6@1/32d higher. Advices from Manchester are favorable.

LIVERPOOL, MARKET—BREADSTUFFS—Flour steady. Wheat quiet and steady at an advance of 1d; red 10s 5d@11s 2d; white 11s@12s 6d. Corn firm and 6d higher.

PROVISIONS—Beef heavy. Pork heavy and less saleable. Lard steady with fair demand. Tallow quiet but steady.

PRODUCE—Rosin dull at 4s 2d for country. Spirits Turpentine dull. Sugar quiet. Rice steady. Coffee steady. Ashes—pots steady; pearls dull.

LONDON MARKET—BREADSTUFFS—Market steady.

PRODUCE—Sugar firm. Coffee firm. Tea dull and unchanged. Rice firm. Tallow unchanged.

LONDON MONEY MARKET—Market unchanged. Consols closed on the 14th at 93¾@93⅞ for money, and 93¾ for accounts. Sales of Illinois shares at 21¾@22½ ₰ discount; do 7 per cent. bonds 1859; freeland 55½; Erie shares and N Y C shares 17@20.

Latest via Queenstown.—Liverpool, Aug. 16.—Cotton sales yesterday of 15,000 bales, of which 7,000 were to speculators and exporters. Consols have declined to 93¾, owing to war-like rumors. The money market is slightly more stringent.

Sailing Days of Steamers.

Steamer	Leaves	For	Days.
	FROM EUROPE.		
Vanderbilt	Southampton	New York	Aug 16
Bavaria	Southampton	New York	Aug 18
Africa	Liverpool	New York	Aug 15
Persia	Liverpool	New York	Aug 22
Fulton	Southampton	New York	Aug 22
Vigo	Liverpool	New York	Aug 22
North Briton	Liverpool	Quebec	Aug 22
Canada	Liverpool	Boston	Aug 22
City of Washing'n	Liverpool	New York	Aug 29
Illinois	Southampton	New York	Aug 29
Bohemian	Liverpool	Quebec	Aug 30
	FROM THE UNITED STATES.		
Adriatic	New York	Havre	Aug 25
Anglo Saxon	Quebec	Liverpool	Aug 25
Edinburgh	New York	Liverpool	Aug 25
Parana	Boston	Liverpool	Aug 25
Persia	New York	Liverpool	Aug 29
Etna	New York	Liverpool	Aug 30
Glasgow	New York	Liverpool	Sept 1
North America	Quebec	Liverpool	Sept 1
Hammonia	New York	Hamburg	Sept 1
New York	New York	Bremen	Sept 1
Arabia	Boston	Liverpool	Sept 5
Nova Scotian	Quebec	Liverpool	Sept 5
Vanderbilt	New York	Havre	Sept 8
City of Baltimore	New York	Liverpool	Sept 8
Africa	New York	Liverpool	Sept 12
North Briton	Quebec	Liverpool	Sept 12
Fulton	New York	Liverpool	Sept 15
Vigo	New York	Liverpool	Sept 15
Bavaria	New York	Hamburg	Sept 15
Canada	Boston	Liverpool	Sept 19
Illinois	New York	Liverpool	Sept 22
City of Washington	New York	Liverpool	Sept 22
Bohemian	Quebec	Liverpool	Sept 22
Asia	New York	Liverpool	Sept 26
Bremen	New York	Bremen	Sept 29
Canadian	Quebec	Liverpool	Sept 29

MARINE.

Port of Milwaukee, August 24, 1860.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Milwaukee, Richards, Grand Haven, 8 tons 29 pkgs mdze, 5 bbls tobacco, 91 do apples, 4 baskets peaches, 40 cases shoes, 1 bbl peas

Steamship Detroit, McBride, Grand Haven, 32 pass, 1 do 70 pkgs mdze, 1 hhd sugar, 165 bbls apples, 21 bxs fruit, 10 bales rags

Propeller Wenona, Conkey, Buffalo, 850 pkgs mdze, 100 bbls sugar, 70 do molasses, 40 pkgs fish, 35 bbls copidas, 2 bbls lard, 1 do hemp, 133 pkgs do

Propeller Hunter, Dickson, Collingwood

Propeller Kenosha, Lacy, Chicago

Propeller Wabash Valley, Douglas, Chicago

Bark Badger State, Lee, Buffalo, 100 bbls salt

Schooner Cautious Alley, Johnston, Manitowoc, 7m lumber, 15m shingles, 5 bbls fish

Schooner Gertrude, Hoyt, Manitowoc, 65m ft lumber

Schooner Fred Hill, Ferchaud, Buffalo

Schooner Barbarian, Clemens, Detroit, 1,000 bbls salt

Schooner Wayne, Hanson, Free Soil, 45m ft lumber, 10 shingles

Schooner Magic, McNamara, Grand River, 50m feet lumber

Schooner Free Democrat, Thompson, Chicago

Schooner Commencement, Vantis, Holland, 6 cds bark

CLEARED.

Steamship Detroit, McBride, Grand Haven, 31 pass, baggage and mails, 11 tons mdze 400 bus wheat, 92 bbls flour, 21 bales wool, 27 tons garden seed

Steamship Milwaukee, Richards, Grand Haven, 16 pass, 9 tons mdze, 605 bushels wheat, 6 bales wool, 20 bbls iron ore

Steamer Huron, Pabst, Two Rivers

Propeller Wabash Valley, Douglas, Buffalo

Propeller Wenona, Conkey, Chicago

Propeller Kenosha, Lacy, Collingwood, 310 bbls flour

Schooner A. Baensch, Olson, Buffalo, 8,027 bus wheat

Schooner Commencement, Vantis, Holland

Schooner Magic, McNamara, Grand River

Schooner Cautious Alley, Johnson, St. Joseph

Schooner Free Democrat, Thompson, Chicago, 30m brick, 1 ton coal

MARINE ITEMS.

THE FAMOUS BARK BADGER STATE, built, and for some years owned at this port, arrived from Buffalo to-day, with salt, and intends returning with a cargo of grain.

ANOTHER CRASH.—The propeller *Wabash Valley* has been withdrawn from the Green Bay Line, and as will be seen by our marine list, cleared for Buffalo to-day. Her place in the Lake Shore Route will be filled by the old *Ogontz*, Capt. Dorcastle. The big grain freights to Buffalo and Oswego, are drawing all classes of vessels into that trade, and the result will probably be the prevalence of more reasonable, though, doubtless, profitable rates.

THE BIRD KIRK WHITE, which has been lying at the docks for the last *four years* has been taken to WOLF & LAWRENCE'S dry docks to be refitted. There need be no idle vessels this fall.

The Detroit *Tribune* of last evening has the following items:

Steamer *May Queen*, upward bound from Cleveland, collided with the schooner *Prelle*, near Bear Point, yesterday morning. The steamer approached a heavy bank of fog just as the schooner emerged from it, and a collision was inevitable. She struck the *Prelle* near her fore rigging, carried away a few stanchions and did other trifling damage. She immediately took the vessel in tow to Malden, and Capt. Vigor settled with her Captain for the damage, which amounted to but a small sum. The *Prelle* would proceed on her Detroit ward voyage after making a few rough repairs. The steamer received no injury of noticeable importance.

Brig *Liverpool*, bound up light, got hard aground yesterday morning on Sandwich Point, while in tow of tug *Emerald*. Capt. Ives was engaged during the day with his boxes endeavoring to get her off, but up to last evening had not succeeded.

Daguerrean Artists.

BAYLEY & PATTERSON

DESIRE TO CALL THE ATTENTION of the public to their new Photographic Ambrotype, Daguerreotype, Steelotype, Melainotype, and every other type Gallery, No. 217½ East Water St., a few doors north of the Milwaukee Bank, late the Gallery formerly occupied by Mr. E. W. Fowler.

With our facilities for producing superior pictures and our desire to please, we trust we may receive the patronage of all. Visits will always be acceptable, whether persons wish pictures or not.

B. & P.

I thank the public for past favors and recommend my successors as gentlemen who will do all in their power to please.

E. W. FOWLER

mar24l486d1y

W. H. SHERMAN,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,

231 MAIN ST., ONE DOOR NORTH of the Newhall House. Those wishing superior pictures are invited to call. Having been engaged in the art nearly ever since its introduction into this country, Mr. S. professes to be able to execute the various styles of Photographic pictures in a higher degree of artistic excellence than those with the unskilful, and with artists of no common attainments.

A complete assortment of Cases and Frames of every description on hand mar24l486d1y

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!!

THE LARGEST STOCK

AND THE

LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY!

ARE AT

HUNN & CROSBY'S!

No. 194 East Water Street,

WHERE OUR FRIENDS AND THE public generally can always find the choicest articles to suit their taste and purse. Very lowest prices for cash, and cash only. Our motto is "Small Profits and Quick Returns!"

To which we strictly adhere, and we pledge ourselves at all times to sell goods cheaper than the same qualities can be bought for at any other store in the city. Will call and see us. We will demonstrate to all who will favor us with a call and an opportunity to prove it. We need everything in the way of TEAS AND WINES, GROCERIES, and shall, at all times, be pleased to exhibit them, and have the truth of our assertions tested. Our space will not permit us to enumerate the various articles to be found upon our shelves. We can only say that we are "AT HOME" in every department, and can supply you with the

SUBSTANTIALS OF LIFE,

That are usually to be found in a first-class grocery. ☞ Send in your orders, and they will be filled promptly and the goods delivered in any part of the city, free of charge. HUNN & CROSBY.

aug21

SIMEON FARWELL, dec6l74dawly

English and French Boarding School

Located at Sauk City, Wisconsin.

THIS INSTITUTION IS STRICTLY A Family Boarding School, and under the immediate supervision of Prof. Turner, formerly of Utica, N. Y. The course of study includes a thorough knowledge of the English and classical studies, the pupils will, at the close of the scholastic year, write and speak the French language. The French letters will be the language of the family, will be the language of the institution. For terms and particulars address Prof. H. J. Turner, Sauk City, Wis.

REFERENCES.—Rev. E. G. Ryan, Milwaukee; J. B. Smith, Milwaukee; G. B. Smith, Madison; Geo. Frazer, Milwaukee; John Medegor, Milwaukee; Col. H. Crocker, Milwaukee; &c.

Circulars and further references can be obtained at Geo. Tracy's, 133 East Water street, Milwaukee. jel4l290d3mo

COW BELLS.

100 DOZEN ASSORTED